Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Weekly / Vol. 59 / No. 22

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

June 11, 2010

# Ecstasy Overdoses at a New Year's Eve Rave — Los Angeles, California, 2010

Ecstasy (3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine [MDMA]) is an illegal synthetic amphetamine used as a stimulant and hallucinogen (1-3). On January 4, 2010, the Los Angeles County (LAC) Department of Public Health (DPH) learned of six MDMA-related emergency department (ED) visits and one death, all linked to a New Year's Eve event attended by approximately 45,000 persons. LAC DPH conducted an investigation to search for additional MDMA-related ED visits, characterize the cases, and determine whether drug contamination was involved. This report summarizes the results of the investigation, which determined that 18 patients visited EDs in LAC for MDMA-related illness within 12 hours of the rave. All were aged 16–34 years, and nine were female. In addition to using MDMA, 10 of the 18 had used alcohol, and five had used other drugs. Three patients were admitted to the hospital, including one to intensive care. A tablet obtained from one of the patients contained MDMA and caffeine, without known toxic contaminants. The cluster of apparent ecstasy overdoses occurred in the context of likely increasing MDMA use in the county during 2005–2009, as indicated by increased identification of MDMA-containing forensic specimens and a large increase in LAC residents entering drug treatment programs for MDMA. Collaboration between public health, police, fire, and emergency medical service (EMS) officials on a comprehensive prevention strategy might reduce the number of overdoses at similar events.

A rave is an all-night dance party with electronic music. When raves first emerged in the late 1980s, they were underground parties usually held at abandoned warehouses and outdoor sites. Since then, raves have become organized commercial events staged by promoters at established venues, often with high ticket prices and elaborate laser light effects. The rave in LAC, which has been staged annually since 1998, was held on New Year's Eve, December 31, 2009–January 1, 2010, at a rented public facility jointly owned by the city of Los Angeles, LAC, and the state of California. Admission was restricted to persons with identification indicating they were aged ≥18 years. Approximately 45,000 persons attended the event, which featured music on three stages from 6 p.m. on December 31, 2009, until 4 a.m. on January 1, 2010. Alcohol was for sale to persons aged  $\geq$ 21 years. Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD) police officers, undercover narcotics officers, roving EMS technicians, and 14 ambulances were stationed on-site. Local EDs had been notified in advance by LAC EMS to possibly expect patients from the rave.

A physician on staff at a hospital located near the event reported a cluster of six apparent ecstasy overdoses to an LAC DPH physician on January 4. That same day, LAC DPH investigators reviewed routine public health surveillance of unusual deaths and noted the death at home on January 1 of a previously healthy man aged 24 years who had attended the same rave. Investigators then conducted interviews with the event facility manager; fire, EMS, and police officials; the onsite incident commander; the coroner; the California Poison Control System medical director; and relatives and friends of the person who died at home after attending the rave. Investigators also reviewed ED records on the six patients initially reported at the ED and interviewed the one patient hospitalized in the intensive-care unit (ICU). They also requested a list of patients transported from the rave to surrounding hospitals and crosschecked this list with records from Los Angeles Fire Department ambulances and private ambulance companies. To identify additional patients who were not transported by ambulance, investigators queried the LAC DPH electronic ED syndromic surveillance system for patients on December 31 and January

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1 with a chief complaint that included the keywords "rave," "overdose," "OD," "XTC," or "ecstasy."

An MDMA-associated ED visit was defined as a visit by a person with documented attendance at the rave who was transported to an ED within 12 hours of the end of the event and who had used MDMA. MDMA use was defined as self-reported use, a urine toxicology test positive for amphetamine, or a serum toxicology test positive for MDMA.

The investigation identified ED medical records for 30 patients who had attended the rave. One patient was transported for trauma, and the other 29 for various drug and/or alcohol intoxications. Patients began to arrive at EDs shortly after the rave began (Figure). All but one patient arrived within 2 hours of the end of the rave; the one patient had taken additional ecstasy at home after the event. Eighteen patients had MDMA exposure and met the case definition, 16 by self-reported MDMA use (12 confirmed by toxicology testing) and two by toxicology testing alone. Cases were predominantly in young adults, ranging in age from 16 to 34 years (mean: 21.3 years); 10 cases were in persons aged <21 years, and one was in a person aged <18 years (Table). Thirteen also had used alcohol or other drugs, including marijuana and prescription medications. For the six patients (three of whom were aged <21 years) with available serum alcohol levels, the mean blood alcohol concentration was 0.31 g/dL (range: 0.19 g/dL–0.33 g/dL).

Clinical findings among the 18 patients with MDMA exposure were consistent with MDMA use (1,4), including agitation, hypertension, mydriasis, and tachycardia (Table). Fifteen of the patients were treated and released. Three were admitted. Two were treated for 2 and 4 days, respectively, and discharged in good condition. One patient was admitted to the ICU with seizure, rhabdomyolysis, renal failure requiring hemodialysis, and hepatic failure; he was discharged to home outpatient hemodialysis after a 28-day hospital stay.

The patient who died at home did not meet the case definition because he was medically unattended and his death occurred  $\geq 12$  hours after the rave. The coroner determined that the cause of death was multiple drug intoxication. Friends reported that the decedent had used ecstasy and cocaine at the rave and injected heroin at home afterward. Toxicology testing at autopsy revealed MDMA, cocaine, and heroin. Family members stated that the decedent was previously in good health, and no underlying chronic medical conditions were discovered at autopsy.

The *MMWR* series of publications is published by the Office of Surveillance, Epidemiology, and Laboratory Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Atlanta, GA 30333. Suggested citation: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. [Article title]. MMWR 2010;59:[inclusive page numbers].

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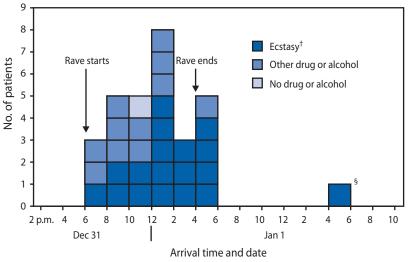
To assess trends in LAC for MDMA use during 2005–2009, investigators reviewed data from the LAC laboratories in the National Forensic Laboratory Information System (NFLIS) and found that MDMA-containing specimens submitted increased annually from 5.2 to 13.4 per 100,000 LAC residents during this period. The Los Angeles County Participant Reporting System of drug abuse treatment statistics reported that the number of LAC residents citing MDMA as their primary drug of choice at the time of entry into drug treatment increased by 650%, from 0.22 to 1.65 per 100,000 LAC residents, during 2005–2009.

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## **Editorial Note**

Although previous reports (5–7) have documented widespread use of MDMA and other "club drugs" at raves since the early 1990s, this is the first known public health investigation describing the epidemiology of a cluster of MDMA-related ED visits associated with a rave. Notably, according to LAC DPH records, no MDMA-related ED visits are known to have occurred after previous New Year's Eve raves in the county. However, MDMA-related ED visits are not routinely reportable to LAC DPH. This cluster occurred in the setting of a likely overall increase in ecstasy use in LAC during 2005–2009, indicating a FIGURE. Number, drug use, and arrival times of rave attendees transported to emergency departments (N = 30)\* — Los Angeles County, California, December 31, 2009–January 1, 2010



\* Chief complaints for 29 patients were characterized as altered mental status, alcohol intoxication, or suspected drug overdose; one patient was transported for trauma.
† 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA).

<sup>§</sup> Patient consumed additional ecstasy after the rave.

possible ongoing and underreported public health problem.

MDMA overdose, rather than drug contamination, likely accounted for the symptoms requiring ED visits among rave attendees. This conclusion is supported, in part, by the lack of a common description of the ecstasy tablets ingested by patients and the finding of MDMA, but no known toxic contaminants, in the ecstasy tablet from one of the patients. In addition, these cases resembled other MDMA-related cases demographically and clinically (1,4,8). One of the patients described in this report was critically ill with multiorgan failure. Severe MDMA-related illness, including hyperthermia, seizure, metabolic disturbances, rhabdomyolysis, renal and hepatic failure, cardiac dysrhythmias, hemorrhagic stroke, and cerebral edema, is well described in the literature and can result in death (1-3).

Less than 6 months after the rave described in this report, news media reported ecstasy overdoses resulting in two deaths and at least five critical illnesses among attendees at a May 29, 2010 rave in the San Francisco Bay area. Nationally, MDMA-related ED visits increased 74.8% during 2004–2008 (8). A recent national survey of teenagers found an increase in use of MDMA in 2009 compared with 2008, and an accompanying decrease in perception of risk for the TABLE. Demographics, medical condition, and disposition for 18 rave attendees with ecstasy\* exposure evaluated in emergency departments — Los Angeles County, California, December 31, 2009–January 1, 2010

Characteristic/Condition	No.	(%)
Sex		
Female	9	(50)
Male	9	(50)
Race/Ethnicity		
Asian/Pacific Islander	5	(28)
Hispanic	5	(28)
Black	0	_
White, non-Hispanic	6	(33)
Other	2	(11)
California resident	17	(94)
Los Angeles County resident	9	(50)
Health insurance coverage		
None	9	(50)
Private	9	(50)
Public	0	
Additional exposures		
Alcohol use	10	(56)
Other drug use	5	(28)
Vital signs		
Hypertension (SBP >140/90 mmHg)	10	(56)
Tachycardia (HR >100 beats/min)	10	(56)
Tachypnea (RR >20 breaths/min)	15	(83)
Signs and symptoms		
Agitation/Aggression	16	(89)
Mydriasis	8	(44)
Seizure	2	(11)
Rhabdomyolysis <sup>†</sup>	2	(11)
Hyponatremia <sup>§</sup>	2	(11)
Disposition		
Treated and released	14	(78)
Admitted <sup>¶</sup>	3	(17)
Other**	1	(6)

Abbreviations: SBP = systolic blood pressure; HR = heart rate; RR = respiratory rate.

\* 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA).

<sup>+</sup> Creatine phosphokinase (CPK) >1,000 U/L.

§ Sodium serum level <135 mmol/L.

<sup>¶</sup> Includes one patient admitted to the intensive-care unit.

\*\* Patient left against medical advice.

drug (9). Decreased risk perception might contribute to the observed increases in ecstasy use. Targeting rave attendees with messages that increase risk perception might help to prevent ecstasy overdoses.

The findings in this report are subject to at least three limitations. First, histories of ecstasy use might be inaccurate; illicit drugs might not contain MDMA as purported, or might contain other compounds in addition to MDMA. Second, toxicology testing was not performed in four cases, and urine toxicology testing for amphetamines is not specific for MDMA. This could result in misclassification of the exposure. Finally, among the cases investigated, only one ecstasy tablet was available for analysis.

#### What is already known on this topic?

Ecstasy (3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine [MDMA]) is an illegal amphetamine derivative, often used at raves (all-night dance parties with electronic music) as a stimulant and hallucinogen.

### What is added by this report?

This report is the first public health investigation of a cluster of MDMA overdoses at a rave. A total of 18 cases of MDMA overdose were identified within 12 hours of the rave. Overall use of the drug in Los Angeles County increased during 2005–2009.

# What are the implications for public health practice?

Injury prevention, substance abuse prevention, and emergency preparedness personnel can be involved in advance to develop overdose prevention and response strategies for mass gatherings such as raves, and attendees should be warned about the risks of MDMA and other drugs used at similar events.

Drug overdose is a preventable injury that has become an increasing public health concern (10). Effective, culturally appropriate overdose prevention strategies that can be used at raves and other large public gatherings are needed. ED and EMS records might be useful tools for identifying clusters of drug-related emergencies. Health-care professionals should be encouraged to report clusters of suspected drug overdose or contamination. Cooperative efforts among public health, EMS, law enforcement, and substance-abuse treatment services providers are useful in determining current patterns of drug use in a community. Similar collaborations could be used to develop multiagency overdose prevention plans for raves and other mass gatherings. Finally, city and county managers and elected officials should be aware of the potential health risks and costs associated with making publicly owned facilities available for large commercial events such as raves.

#### Acknowledgments

The findings in this report are based, in part, on contributions by C Gastelum, MD, White Memorial Medical Center; B Hwang, MD, D Diamond, MD, B Lee, PhD, C Nagy, MPH, C Rangan, MD, M Santos, Los Angeles County Dept of Public Health; K Douglass, Los Angeles Fire Dept; C Will, MS, Los Angeles Police Dept Scientific Investigation Div, Narcotics Unit; C Chidester, MSN, S Raby, Los Angeles County Emergency Medical Svcs Agency; R Hays, Los Angeles County Dept of Coroner; R Geller, MD, California Poison Control; J Comparin, L Wong, S Oulton, D Kirby, Drug Enforcement Admin; J Peaco, Federal Bur of Investigation; D Bensyl, PhD, Scientific Education and Professional Development Program Office (proposed), and S Vagi, PhD, National Center for Environmental Health, CDC.

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# Deaths and Hospitalizations Related to 2009 Pandemic Influenza A (H1N1) — Greece, May 2009–February 2010

The first laboratory-confirmed case of 2009 pandemic influenza A (H1N1) in Greece was reported on May 18, 2009. During July-August, Greece experienced a moderate wave of transmission of 2009 H1N1; a stronger wave began in October, and a peak in incidence occurred during November 23-29. To conduct surveillance in Greece for 2009 H1N1, the Hellenic Centre for Diseases Control and Prevention (HCDCP), in collaboration with the National Health Operations Centre (NaHOC) of the Ministry of Health and Social Solidarity, collected and analyzed data regarding 1) laboratory-confirmed 2009 H1N1 cases, 2) influenza-like illness (ILI) visits to hospital emergency departments (EDs), 3) ILI hospitalizations, 4) confirmed 2009 H1N1 admissions to intensive-care units (ICUs), and 5) confirmed 2009 H1N1 deaths in hospitals. This report summarizes the findings in Greece during May 18, 2009-February 28, 2010, when 18,075 laboratory-confirmed 2009 H1N1 cases, 294 ICU admissions, and 140 deaths were reported. The majority of severe 2009 H1N1 cases were associated with underlying medical conditions (68.4% of ICU admissions and 82.1% of deaths), including pregnancy. In Greece, where 2009 H1N1 vaccination coverage was limited and a large proportion of the population likely remains susceptible (1), continued surveillance and effective vaccination programs will be needed this winter to combat 2009 H1N1 and any other circulating influenza virus.

The first case of 2009 H1N1 in Greece was reported on May 18, 2009, approximately 4 weeks after the first reports of novel influenza A cases in Mexico and the United States (*2,3*). An enhanced surveillance system for 2009 H1N1 was implemented in Greece during April 30–July 14, 2009. During this period, clinicians collected respiratory specimens for laboratory testing by real-time reverse transcription–polymerase chain reaction (rRT-PCR) from persons who met the European Union definition for a 2009 H1N1 case under investigation: temperature >100.4°F (>38°C) plus symptoms of acute respiratory infection and, in the week preceding onset of symptoms, history of travel to an affected area or history of close contact with a patient with confirmed 2009 H1N1 illness during that patient's illness (4). Most laboratoryconfirmed cases identified during this period were travel associated. On July 15, 2009, contact tracing was discontinued, and criteria for laboratory testing were tightened to severe cases requiring hospitalization, selected cases from clusters of ILI, and special situations according to clinical judgment.

For this analysis, a confirmed case was defined as a positive test result for the 2009 H1N1 virus by rRT-PCR during May 18, 2009–February 28, 2010. Nasopharyngeal swabs were collected by hospitals and general practitioners participating in a sentinel surveillance network and were sent for testing to designated reference laboratories. ILI was defined in accordance with European Union directive 2008/426/EC as a sudden onset of illness with 1) at least one of the following: fever or feverishness, malaise, headache, or myalgia, plus 2) at least one of the following: cough, sore throat, or shortness of breath. Surveillance data on laboratory-confirmed 2009 H1N1 cases, ILI visits to hospital emergency departments, ILI hospitalizations, and laboratory-confirmed cases in persons admitted to ICUs, were collected by HCDCP and NaHOC. Surveillance for deaths among persons with laboratory-confirmed 2009 H1N1 in hospital settings was performed by HCDCP in collaboration with NaHOC.

All hospital administrators in Greece were asked to report daily to NaHOC, via standardized forms, the number of patients who visited their ED with ILI symptoms and the number of new admissions for ILI. In addition, hospitals were asked to report, three times weekly, all patients admitted with laboratoryconfirmed 2009 H1N1, along with the admission diagnosis and current patient status. On a daily basis, investigators made follow-up telephone calls to the physicians of all patients with confirmed cases of 2009 H1N1 who were admitted to an ICU. Data on hospital morbidity were collected by NaHOC from a network that included all state and private hospitals in the seven semiautonomous regional health authorities of Greece.

A total of 114 public general hospitals, 172 private hospitals, and 12 military hospitals in Greece were eligible for participation. Of the eligible hospitals,

### What is already known on this topic?

The incidence of 2009 pandemic Influenza A (H1N1) peaked in November 2009 in Europe.

### What is added by this report?

Greece experienced two waves of 2009 H1N1 transmission, a moderate one during the summer and a stronger one that peaked at the end of November 2009; the intensive-care unit admission rate and death rate among hospitalized patients from May 2009 to February 2010 were 2.6 cases and 1.2 deaths per 100,000 population, respectively.

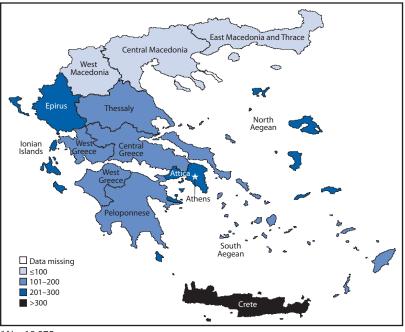
### What are the implications for public health practice?

Continued surveillance and effective vaccination programs will be needed to combat 2009 H1N1 and any other circulating influenza viruses in the coming winter months.

70.2% participated in data collection for both ILI visits to EDs and ILI hospitalizations, accounting for 79.4% of the total patient capacity of Greek public hospitals. Hospitals that did not participate in data collection had lower bed capacity (182 mean bed capacity versus 299) and were more likely to be located on Greek islands (41.1%) than the participating hospitals (11.3%). Age-specific 2009 H1N1 admission to ICUs and mortality rates were calculated using the estimated age-specific population of Greece for 2009 (as provided by the General Secretariat of the National Statistical Service of Greece). The rates were calculated for May 18, 2009–February 28, 2010.

During May 18, 2009–February 28, 2010, a total of 18,075 laboratory-confirmed 2009 H1N1 cases were reported. Laboratory-confirmed illness rates per 100,000 population varied among the 13 administrative peripheries of Greece (Figure 1). Two waves of 2009 H1N1 transmission were observed. A moderate wave occurred during July–August and was followed by a decrease in cases through mid-October, when incidence accelerated rapidly, peaked during November 23–29, and then declined steadily (Figure 2). During May 18, 2009–February 28, 2010, a total of 88,244 ILI visits to EDs and 10,040 ILI hospitalizations also were reported (Figure 2).

A total of 294 ICU admissions and 140 deaths related to 2009 H1N1 were reported during May 18, 2009–February 28, 2010 (Figure 3). Of the 294 ICU admissions, 241 patients (82.0%) required mechanical ventilation, and 201 (68.4%) had an underlying medical condition (e.g., chronic respiratory, cardiovascular, renal, or hepatic disease; chronic metabolic FIGURE 1. Number of laboratory-confirmed cases of 2009 pandemic influenza A (H1N1)\* per 100,000 population, by administrative periphery — Greece, May 18, 2009–February 28, 2010





disorder; or immunosuppression); 13 patients were pregnant. The most commonly reported underlying medical conditions among those admitted to an ICU were obesity (26.2%) and cardiovascular disease (16.3%). The most commonly reported underlying conditions among persons aged  $\leq$ 19 years were neurologic disorders (31.3%), whereas obesity was the most commonly reported condition among persons aged 20–60 years (31.5%). Among persons aged >60 years, the most commonly reported condition was cardiovascular disease (37.3%).

Of the 140 patients whose deaths were related to 2009 H1N1, 115 (82.1%) had at least one underlying medical condition. The most commonly reported underlying medical conditions among those who died were obesity (25.5%), diabetes (24.8%), and cardiovascular disease (22.7%). One of the deceased was pregnant and had underlying cardiovascular disease. Of the 140 patients who died, 89 (63.5%) were aged <60 years, including eight (5.7%) who were aged <19 years.

During May 18, 2009–February 28, 2010, the rate for ICU admission with 2009 H1N1 was estimated at 2.6 cases per 100,000 population (95% confidence interval [CI] = 2.3–2.9), and the death rate related to 2009 H1N1 was estimated at 1.2 deaths per 100,000

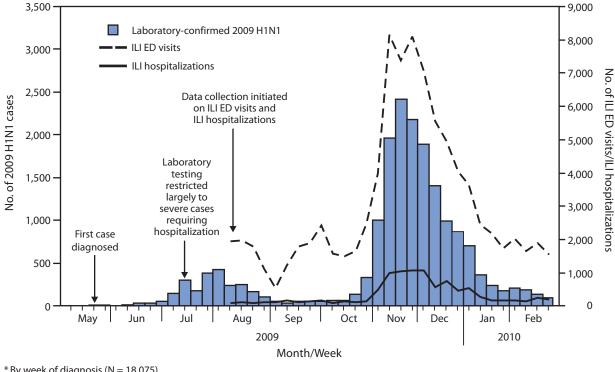


FIGURE 2. Number of laboratory-confirmed 2009 pandemic influenza A (H1N1) cases,\* influenza-like illness (ILI) visits to emergency departments (ED),<sup>†</sup> and ILI hospitalizations<sup>§</sup> — Greece, May 18, 2009–February 28, 2010

§ By week of admission (N = 10,040).

population (CI = 1.1-1.5). The rate for ICU admission was highest among persons aged 40–59 years (3.9 per 100,000 population). Death rates ranged from 0.4 to 0.7 per 100,000 population among groups aged  $\leq$ 39 years, and the rate was higher (1.8 per 100,000) population) among persons aged  $\geq 40$  years.

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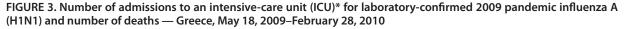
# **Editorial Note**

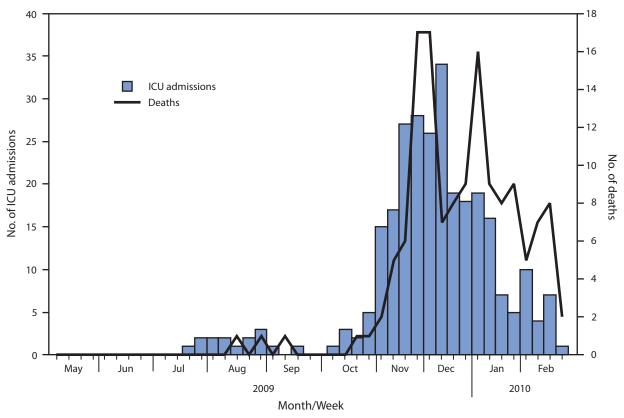
This is the first report to summarize the epidemiology of 2009 H1N1 in Greece. During July-August 2009, Greece experienced a moderate wave of transmission, followed by a stronger wave beginning in October and peaking during November 23-29. In Greece, the first 2009 H1N1 cases were associated with imported transmission (e.g., students returning to Greece from abroad and foreign tourists) (5). On July 15, 2009, contact tracing was discontinued, and criteria for laboratory testing were tightened sharply. Because of these restrictions on testing and because many persons with influenza might not have sought medical care, the number of laboratory-confirmed 2009 H1N1 cases noted in this report likely is a substantial underestimate of the actual number that occurred during May 18, 2009-February 28, 2010.

The estimated 2009 H1N1-related ICU admission and death rates in Greece (2.6 and 1.2 per 100,000 population, respectively) were within the range of estimates reported by countries in the southern hemisphere for their winter months (June–August 2009) (6,7). Despite a sharp decrease in the number of ILI visits to EDs and laboratory-confirmed 2009 H1N1 cases after transmission peaked during November 23-29, the weekly numbers of 2009 H1N1 admissions to an ICU, and particularly deaths, declined more gradually. Corresponding data from the United States were similar; U.S. laboratory confirmations of influenza peaked during the week of October 24, 2009, but reports of deaths declined more slowly (8). Consistent with findings in other countries, obesity appeared to be a risk factor in Greece for

<sup>\*</sup> By week of diagnosis (N = 18,075).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>+</sup> By week of visit (N = 88,244).





\* By week of admission (N = 294). † By week of death (N = 140).

2009 H1N1-related admission to an ICU or death; however, additional analysis is needed.

The findings in this report are subject to at least three limitations. First, although participation in the surveillance network was high, because participating hospitals accounted for 79.4% of the total patient capacity of Greek public hospitals, data on ILI visits to EDs and hospitalizations are not complete. In contrast, because of daily communication between HCDCP and NaHOC and participating hospitals, data on 2009 H1N1 ICU admissions and deaths within the hospital setting are thought to be nearly complete. Second, substantial underestimation of 2009 H1N1 cases likely occurred, largely because of restrictions on confirmatory laboratory testing. Finally, the number of deaths related to 2009 H1N1 might have been underestimated because deaths that occurred outside the hospital setting might not have been identified and testing that was performed on hospital patients might not have been sensitive to influenza or might have been performed later in

the course of illness, when influenza shedding had declined substantially or ceased.

Vaccination against 2009 H1N1 in Greece was initiated at the end of November 2009, with the intent ultimately to administer the vaccine, at no charge, to anyone who wished to receive it. Vaccination initially was offered to health-care workers, then to persons aged  $\geq 6$  months at high risk for complications from influenza, then to healthy persons aged 6 months-49 years, and finally to healthy adults aged >49 years. Although the goal was widespread coverage, as of February 28, 2010, only 3.2% of the Greek population had been vaccinated for 2009 H1N1 (1). In contrast, among U.S. states and territories, an estimated 23.9% of persons aged ≥6 months had been vaccinated through January 2010 (9). According to the results of one survey, the main reason that residents of Greece chose not to receive the 2009 H1N1 vaccine was a belief that the vaccine might not be safe (10).

### Acknowledgments

The findings in this report are based, in part, on contributions by S Bonovas and T Panagiotopoulos, Dept of Epidemiological Surveillance and Intervention, Hellenic Centre for Infectious Diseases Control and Prevention, Greece; and A Papagiannopoulou, M Lekka, A Vilaeti, S Papadogiannopoulos, I Agrafa, and C Skafidas.

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# Addition of Severe Combined Immunodeficiency as a Contraindication for Administration of Rotavirus Vaccine

In response to reported cases of vaccine-acquired rotavirus infection in infants with severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) following rotavirus vaccine administration, both Merck & Co. and GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals have revised the prescribing information and patient labeling for their respective rotavirus vaccine products, pentavalent rotavirus vaccine (RV5) and monovalent rotavirus vaccine (RV1), with approval from the Food and Drug Administration (1,2). Merck revised the prescribing information and patient labeling for RV5 in December 2009, and GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals did so for RV1 in February 2010. After the revision to the RV5 prescribing information, CDC sought consultation from members of the former Rotavirus Vaccine Work Group of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). On the basis of that consultation and available data, CDC is updating the list of contraindications for rotavirus vaccine. Rotavirus vaccine (both RV5 and RV1) is contraindicated in infants diagnosed with SCID.

SCID includes a group of rare, life-threatening disorders caused by at least 15 different single gene defects that result in profound deficiencies in T- and B- lymphocyte function (3). The estimated annual incidence of SCID is one case per 40,000-100,000 live births, or a total of approximately 40-100 new cases among infants in the United States each year (3). SCID usually is diagnosed after an infant has acquired a severe, potentially life-threatening infection caused by one or more pathogens. Infants with SCID commonly experience chronic diarrhea, failure to thrive, and early onset of infections. Chronic, wild-type rotavirus infection has been reported in infants with SCID, with resulting prolonged diarrhea or shedding of rotavirus (4). Diagnosis and hematopoietic stem cell transplantation before onset of severe infections offer the best chance for long-term survival of SCID patients (3,5).

The median age at diagnosis of SCID is 4–7 months, which overlaps with the ages for rotavirus vaccination recommended by ACIP (ages 2, 4, and 6 months for RV5; ages 2 and 4 months for RV1). Prenatal diagnosis is possible for the minority of infants with a known family history of SCID. Newborn

screening for SCID through evaluation of dried blood spots is available in two states, Massachusetts and Wisconsin. On January 21, 2010, the Federal Advisory Committee on Heritable Disorders in Newborns and Children recommended that a screening test for SCID be included in the core panel of the recommended uniform screening panel for all newborn infants. On May 21, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services approved the addition of SCID to the uniform screening panel.

Since introduction of rotavirus vaccine in the United States in 2006, five cases (four in the United States and one in Australia) of vaccine-acquired rotavirus infection in RV5-vaccinated infants with SCID have been reported in the literature (6-8). Two additional U.S. cases of vaccine-acquired infection in RV5-vaccinated infants with SCID and one case of vaccine-acquired infection in an RV1-vaccinated infant with SCID from outside the United States have been reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS). The eight infants (four males and four females) were diagnosed with SCID between ages 3 months and 9 months and had received 1-3 doses of rotavirus vaccine before the diagnosis. All the infants had diarrhea, and most had additional infections (e.g., Pneumocystis jirovecii, rhinovirus, adenovirus, Salmonella, Escherichia coli, and Giardia) at the time of SCID diagnosis. Rotavirus infection was diagnosed by enzyme immunoassay in seven of the eight patients for whom this information was available. In all eight cases, vaccine-acquired rotavirus infection was confirmed by reverse transcription-polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) and nucleotide sequencing. Prolonged shedding of vaccine virus was documented in at least six of these cases, with duration of up to 11 months.

Rotavirus vaccine (both RV5 and RV1) is contraindicated in infants diagnosed with SCID. Consultation with an immunologist or infectious disease specialist is advised for infants with known or suspected altered immunocompetence before rotavirus vaccine is administered (9). General guidelines on immunodeficiency and use of live virus vaccines are available in the 2009 Red Book, Table 1.14 (10).

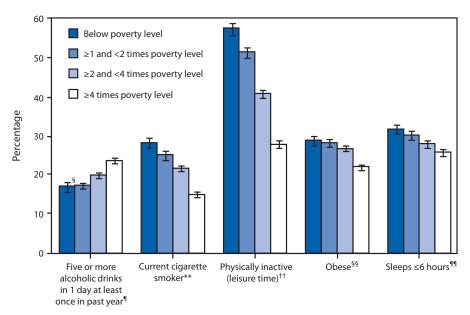
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# FROM THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS

# Prevalence of Selected Unhealthy Behavior-Related Characteristics Among Adults Aged ≥18 Years, by Poverty Status\* — National Health Interview Survey, United States, 2005–2007<sup>†</sup>





- \* Poverty status is based on family income and family size using the U.S. Census Bureau poverty thresholds for 2004, 2005, and 2006. Family income was imputed when information was missing, using multiple imputation methodology.
- <sup>+</sup> Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and three age groups: 18–44 years, 45–64 years, and ≥65 years. Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian, noninstitutionalized U.S. adult population. Denominators for each percentage exclude persons with unknown behavior-related characteristics.
- § 95% confidence interval.
- <sup>¶</sup> The question regarding consumption of five or more drinks in 1 day at least once in the past year was asked only of current drinkers (one or more drinks in preceding year); however, prevalence estimates reflect percentage of all adults who engaged in this behavior.
- \*\* Smoked at least 100 cigarettes in lifetime and currently smoked.
- <sup>++</sup> Never engages in any light, moderate, or vigorous leisure-time physical activity.
- §§ Defined as a body mass index (weight [kg] / height [m<sup>2</sup>]) of  $\geq$  30.
- <sup>¶¶</sup> Usual number of hours of sleep in a 24-hour period.

U.S. adults with the lowest family incomes were more likely than adults with the highest family incomes to be current cigarette smokers (28.3% versus 15.1%), to be physically inactive (57.5% versus 27.8%), to be obese (28.8% versus 22.1%), and to sleep  $\leq 6$  hours in a 24-hour period (31.7% versus 25.9%). Smoking and physical inactivity showed the steepest declines with increasing income. In contrast, the percentage of adults who had five or more alcoholic drinks in 1 day in the past year was lowest among adults with family incomes below (17.2%) or near the poverty level (17.3%) and highest among adults in the highest family income group (23.6%).

Source: Schoenborn CA, Adams PF. Health behaviors of adults: United States 2005–2007. Vital Health Stat 2010;10(245).

# Notifiable Diseases and Mortality Tables

TABLE I. Provisional cases of infrequently reported notifiable diseases (<1,000 cases reported during the preceding year) — United States, week ending June 5, 2010 (22nd week)\*

	Current	Cum	5-year weekly			cases re revious	ported years		States reporting cases
Disease	week	2010	average <sup>†</sup>	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	during current week (No.)
Anthrax	_	_	_	1	_	1	1	_	
Botulism, total	_	29	3	117	145	144	165	135	
foodborne	_	4	0	11	17	32	20	19	
infant	_	19	2	81	109	85	97	85	
other (wound and unspecified)	_	6	1	25	19	27	48	31	
Brucellosis	1	38	2	115	80	131	121	120	AZ (1)
Chancroid	1	26	0	30	25	23	33	17	CA (1)
Cholera	_	20	0	10	5	7	9	8	
Cyclosporiasis <sup>§</sup>	2	30	13	141	139	, 93	137	543	NYC (1), FL (1)
Diphtheria	2	1	15	141	155	))	157	545	
Domestic arboviral diseases <sup>§</sup> , <sup>¶</sup> :									
California serogroup virus disease			0	55	62	55	67	80	
Eastern equine encephalitis virus disease	_	_	0	4		4			
Powassan virus disease	_	_			4		8	21	
	—	_	0	6	2	7	1	1	
St. Louis encephalitis virus disease	_	_	0	12	13	9	10	13	
Western equine encephalitis virus disease	—	—	—	_	_	_	_	—	
Haemophilus influenzae, ** invasive disease (age <5 yrs):									
serotype b	—	8	0	35	30	22	29	9	
nonserotype b	—	73	4	236	244	199	175	135	
unknown serotype	—	94	4	178	163	180	179	217	
Hansen disease <sup>§</sup>	—	16	3	103	80	101	66	87	
Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome <sup>§</sup>	_	2	1	14	18	32	40	26	
Hemolytic uremic syndrome, postdiarrheal <sup>§</sup>	_	46	5	242	330	292	288	221	
HIV infection, pediatric (age <13 yrs) <sup><math>++</math></sup>	_	_	2	_	_	_	_	380	
Influenza-associated pediatric mortality <sup>§,§§</sup>	1	53	2	359	90	77	43	45	NYC (1)
Listeriosis	6	216	11	852	759	808	884	896	NY (1), PA (1), MI (1), TX (3)
Measles <sup>¶¶</sup>	1	26	3	67	140	43	55	66	FL (1)
Meningococcal disease, invasive***:		20	5	0,		.5	55	00	. = (.)
A, C, Y, and W-135	2	111	6	301	330	325	318	297	SC (1), CO (1)
serogroup B		47	4	174	188	167	193	156	30(1),00(1)
other serogroup	_		-	23	38	35	32	27	
unknown serogroup									MO (1) EL (1) OD (1)
Mumps	3	170	13	482	616	550	651	765	MO (1), FL (1), OR (1)
Novel influenza A virus infections <sup>†††</sup>	118	1,684	45	2,069	454	800	6,584	314	NY (1), NYC (113), TX (2), WA (2)
	_	_	0	43,771	2	4	NN	NN	
Plague	_	_	0	8	3	7	17	8	
Poliomyelitis, paralytic	_	_	—	1	_	_		1	
Polio virus Infection, nonparalytic <sup>®</sup>	—	—	—	_	_	_	NN	NN	
Psittacosis <sup>9</sup>	_	4	0	9	8	12	21	16	
Q fever, total <sup>§</sup> , <sup>§§§§</sup>	—	31	4	112	120	171	169	136	
acute	_	24	2	92	106	_	_	_	
chronic	—	7	0	20	14	—	_	—	
Rabies, human	—	_	0	4	2	1	3	2	
Rubella	_	2	0	3	16	12	11	11	
Rubella, congenital syndrome	_	_	0	1	_	_	1	1	
SARS-CoV <sup>§</sup> ,****	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Smallpox <sup>§</sup>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Streptococcal toxic-shock syndrome <sup>§</sup>	1	75	3	162	157	132	125	129	PA (1)
Syphilis, congenital (age <1 yr) <sup>++++</sup>	_	68	7	424	431	430	349	329	
Tetanus	_		, 1	18	19	28	41	27	
Toxic-shock syndrome (staphylococcal) <sup>§</sup>	_	36	2	74	71	92	101	90	
Trichinellosis	_	1	2	13	39	5	15	90 16	
Tularemia	1								NE (1)
Typhoid fever	1	10	4	93	123	137	95 25 2	154	NE (1)
Vancomycin-intermediate <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> <sup>§</sup>	2	137	7	400	449	434	353	324	VA (1), TN (1)
vancomycin-intermediate Staphylococcus aureus	3	33	1	77	63	37	6	2	MO (2), NV (1)
Vancomycin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> <sup>§</sup>	—	1	—		_	2	1	3	
Vibriosis (noncholera <i>Vibrio</i> species infections) <sup>§</sup>	8	107	5	790	588	549	NN	NN	OH (1), VA (1), SC (2), FL (1), TX (1), AZ (1), WA (1)
Viral hemorrhagic fever <sup>§§§§</sup>	_	1	_	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	
Yellow fever	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

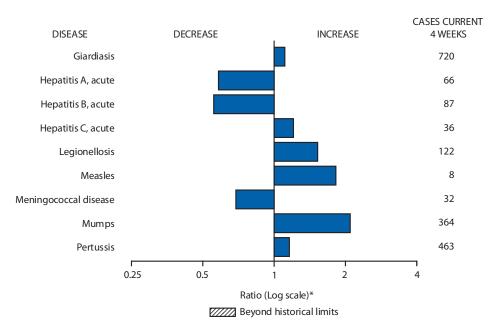
See Table I footnotes on next page.

# TABLE I. (Continued) Provisional cases of infrequently reported notifiable diseases (<1,000 cases reported during the preceding year) — United States, week ending June 5, 2010 (22nd week)\*

---: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts.

- \* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional, whereas data for 2005 through 2008 are finalized.
- <sup>†</sup> Calculated by summing the incidence counts for the current week, the 2 weeks preceding the current week, and the 2 weeks following the current week, for a total of 5 preceding years. Additional information is available at http://www.cdc.gov/ncphi/disss/nndss/phs/files/5yearweeklyaverage.pdf.
- <sup>§</sup> Not reportable in all states. Data from states where the condition is not reportable are excluded from this table, except starting in 2007 for the domestic arboviral diseases and influenzaassociated pediatric mortality, and in 2003 for SARS-CoV. Reporting exceptions are available at http://www.cdc.gov/ncphi/disss/nndss/phs/infdis.htm.
- <sup>¶</sup> Includes both neuroinvasive and nonneuroinvasive. Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Vector-Borne Infectious Diseases, National Center for Zoonotic, Vector-Borne, and Enteric Diseases (ArboNET Surveillance). Data for West Nile virus are available in Table II.
- \*\* Data for H. influenzae (all ages, all serotypes) are available in Table II.
- <sup>++</sup> Updated monthly from reports to the Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention. Implementation of HIV reporting influences the number of cases reported. Updates of pediatric HIV data have been temporarily suspended until upgrading of the national HIV/AIDS surveillance data management system is completed. Data for HIV/AIDS, when available, are displayed in Table IV, which appears quarterly.
- <sup>§§</sup> Updated weekly from reports to the Influenza Division, National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases. Since April 26, 2009, a total of 286 influenza-associated pediatric deaths associated with 2009 influenza A (H1N1) virus infection have been reported. Since August 30, 2009, a total of 278 influenza-associated pediatric deaths occurring during the 2009–10 influenza season have been reported. A total of 133 influenza-associated pediatric deaths occurring during the 2009–00 influenza season have been reported.
- <sup>¶¶</sup> The one measles case reported for the current week was indigenous. \*\*\* Data for meningococcal disease (all serogroups) are available in Table II.
- \*\*\*\* CDC discontinued reporting of individual confirmed and probable cases of 2009 pandemic influenza A (H1N1) virus infections on July 24, 2009. CDC will report the total number of 2009 pandemic influenza A (H1N1) hospitalizations and deaths weekly on the CDC H1N1 influenza website (http://www.cdc.gov/h1n1flu). In addition, three cases of novel influenza A virus infections, unrelated to the 2009 pandemic influenza A (H1N1) virus, were reported to CDC during 2009.
- <sup>555</sup> In 2009, Q fever acute and chronic reporting categories were recognized as a result of revisions to the Q fever case definition. Prior to that time, case counts were not differentiated with respect to acute and chronic Q fever cases.
- **111** No rubella cases were reported for the current week.
- \*\*\*\* Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Viral and Rickettsial Diseases, National Center for Zoonotic, Vector-Borne, and Enteric Diseases.
- <sup>++++</sup> Updated weekly from reports to the Division of STD Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention.
- SSSS There was one case of viral hemorrhagic fever reported during week 12. The one case report was confirmed as lassa fever. See Table II for dengue hemorrhagic fever.

# FIGURE I. Selected notifiable disease reports, United States, comparison of provisional 4-week totals June 5, 2010, with historical data



\* Ratio of current 4-week total to mean of 15 4-week totals (from previous, comparable, and subsequent 4-week periods for the past 5 years). The point where the hatched area begins is based on the mean and two standard deviations of these 4-week totals.

Notifiable Disease Data Team and 122 Cities Mortality Data TeamPatsy A. Hall-BakerDeborah A. AdamsRosaline DharaWillie J. AndersonPearl C. SharpJose AponteMichael S. WodajoLenee BlantonVertice State

### TABLE II. Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending June 5, 2010, and June 6, 2009 (22nd week)\*

		Chlamydia	a trachomatis	infection			Cryp	otosporidiosis	5	
	Current	Previous 5	2 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous !	52 weeks	Cum	Cum
Reporting area	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009
Jnited States	8,828	22,948	27,358	417,256	529,973	57	121	284	2,004	2,136
New England	623	743	1,396	15,684	16,850	2	6	33	107	150
Connecticut	138	215	736	3,676	4,912	_	0	29	29	38
Maine <sup>†</sup>	35	49	75	1,043	1,082	_	1	4	25	17
Massachusetts	319	393	767	8,359	7,935	_	1	15	23	42
New Hampshire Rhode Island <sup>†</sup>	47 57	35 70	108 130	614 1,490	888 1,518	_	2 0	6 8	23	23 2
Vermont <sup>†</sup>	27	23	63	502	515	2	1	9	23	28
Mid. Atlantic	2,319	3,144	4,619	69,734	66,455	6	14	38	230	247
New Jersey	317	442	624	9,112	10,737	_	0	5		15
New York (Upstate)	485	634	2,530	13,816	12,291	3	3	16	56	53
New York City	1,118	1,188	2,207	27,539	25,002	—	1	5	21	36
Pennsylvania	399	865	1,056	19,267	18,425	3	9	19	153	143
E.N. Central	529	3,409	4,413	46,206	87,369	11	28	73	422	523
Illinois	—	1,048	1,322	146	26,647	—	3	8	65	53
Indiana		309	602	5,078	10,014		4	11	60	116
Michigan Ohio	458 71	887 943	1,412 1,073	20,894 17,294	20,510 20,897	1 10	6 7	11 16	111 144	94 137
Wisconsin	/1	365	466	2,794	9,301	10	8	39	42	123
						7				
<b>V.N. Central</b> Iowa	222 2	1,311 177	1,711 252	26,474 4,172	30,305 4,256	/	20 4	59 13	322 69	291 71
Kansas	44	187	571	3,906	4,345	2	2	6	38	31
Minnesota	2	266	337	5,178	6,323	_	5	31	94	64
Missouri	103	498	638	10,464	11,188	1	3	12	50	54
Nebraska <sup>†</sup>	39	94	237	2,054	2,195	1	2	9	38	28
North Dakota	32	32	93	700	709	3	0	18	6	1
South Dakota	—	49	82	_	1,289	—	2	10	27	42
5. Atlantic	2,176	4,263	6,098	71,667	109,441	11	20	50	368	360
Delaware District of Columbia	94 56	87 114	145 178	1,826	2,065	_	0	2 1	2 2	1 3
Florida	453	1,402	1,669	2,167 29,920	3,009 31,964	6	8	24	148	114
Georgia	16	455	1,323	3,098	18,205	3	6	31	140	147
Maryland <sup>†</sup>	376	448	1,031	8,990	9,522	_	0	3	11	19
North Carolina	—	651	1,291	—	18,269	—	1	11	11	30
South Carolina <sup>†</sup>	538	521	1,331	11,458	11,878	_	1	7	18	18
Virginia <sup>†</sup>	575	598	924	12,649	12,851	2	1	7	30	23
West Virginia	68	67	137	1,559	1,678	—	0	2	6	5
E.S. Central	583	1,761	2,268	33,707	39,213	_	4	10	72	64
Alabama <sup>†</sup> Kentucky	 196	479 313	629 642	9,825 6,458	11,567 4,384	_	1 2	5 4	25 24	22 16
Mississippi		429	640	6,559	10,499	_	0	3	4	5
Tennessee <sup>†</sup>	387	565	734	10,865	12,763	_	1	5	19	21
W.S. Central	453	2,912	5,784	55,395	68,026	3	8	40	110	106
Arkansas <sup>†</sup>	254	228	402	2,320	6,306		1	5	13	12
Louisiana	_	381	1,055	2,922	13,110	_	1	6	16	12
Oklahoma	199	252	2,727	6,386	3,099	3	2	9	22	31
Texas <sup>†</sup>	—	2,041	3,232	43,767	45,511	_	5	30	59	51
Mountain	545	1,556	2,118	29,113	30,098	4	9	25	171	164
Arizona	53	484	713	9,343	10,827	_	0	3	12	13
Colorado Idaba <sup>†</sup>	288	430	709	7,775	4,986	2	2	10	50 29	40 19
Idaho <sup>†</sup> Montana <sup>†</sup>	28	61 57	185 75	1,046 1,278	1,581 1,372	1	1 1	7 4	29 23	19 14
Nevada <sup>†</sup>	114	171	478	4,021	4,276	_	0	2	5	7
New Mexico <sup>†</sup>	_	166	453	2,213	3,517	_	2	8	26	50
Utah	40	116	175	2,620	2,705	—	1	4	19	8
Wyoming <sup>†</sup>	22	35	70	817	834	—	0	2	7	13
Pacific	1,378	3,481	5,350	69,276	82,216	13	13	27	202	231
Alaska		105	144	2,462	2,266	_	0	1	1	2
California	1,174	2,677	4,406	54,907	63,019	6	8	20	119	119
Hawaii Oregon		112 173	137 468	2,010 1,367	2,656 4,623	5	0 2	0 10	54	1 80
Washington	204	395	638	8,530	9,652	2	1	8	28	29
5	207	0		0,000	2,052					
American Samoa C.N.M.I.	_	0	0	_	_		0	0	N	N
Guam	_	1	27	78	_	_	0	0	_	_
Puerto Rico	92	113	329	2,229	3,138	N	Ő	Ő	Ν	Ν
J.S. Virgin Islands	_	9	16	132	229	_	0	0	_	_

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. \* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. Data for HIV/AIDS, AIDS, and TB, when available, are displayed in Table IV, which appears quarterly. † Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

					Dengue V	'irus Infection				
			Dengue Feve	r <sup>†</sup>			Dengue I	Hemorrhagic F	ever§	
	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum
Reporting area	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009
United States	—	0	8	37	NN	—	0	0	_	NN
New England	_	0	1	1	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Connecticut Maine <sup>¶</sup>		0 0	0 1	1	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
Massachusetts	_	0	0	_	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
New Hampshire	—	0	0	—	NN	—	0	0	—	NN
Rhode Island¶ Vermont¶	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
Mid. Atlantic	_	0	3	12	NN	_	0	0		NN
New Jersey	_	ő	0		NN	_	0	Ő	_	NN
New York (Upstate)	—	0	0	_	NN	—	0	0	—	NN
New York City Pennsylvania	_	0 0	2 2	8 4	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
E.N. Central	_	0	2	5	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Illinois	_	Ő	0	_	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Indiana	_	0	0	_	NN	—	0	0	—	NN
Michigan Ohio	_	0 0	0 2	5	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
Wisconsin	_	Ő	0		NN	_	0	0	_	NN
W.N. Central	_	0	1	1	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
lowa	_	0	0	—	NN	—	0	0	—	NN
Kansas Minnesota	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN	_	0	0 0	_	NN NN
Missouri	_	0	0	_	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Nebraska <sup>¶</sup>	—	0	0	—	NN	—	0	0	—	NN
North Dakota South Dakota	_	0 0	1 0	1	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
	—									
S. Atlantic Delaware	_	0 0	2 0	13	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
District of Columbia	_	0	0	_	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Florida	—	0	2	12	NN	—	0	0	—	NN
Georgia Maryland <sup>¶</sup>	_	0 0	1 0	1	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
North Carolina	_	ő	0	_	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
South Carolina <sup>¶</sup>	—	0	0	—	NN	—	0	0	—	NN
Virginia <sup>¶</sup> West Virginia	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
E.S. Central	_	0	0	_	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Alabama¶	_	Ő	0	_	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Kentucky	—	0	0	—	NN	—	0	0	—	NN
Mississippi Tennessee <sup>¶</sup>	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
W.S. Central	_	0	0	_	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Arkansas <sup>¶</sup>	_	Ő	0	_	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Louisiana	_	0	0	_	NN	_	0	0	—	NN
Oklahoma Texas <sup>¶</sup>	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
Mountain	_	0	1	2	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Arizona	_	0	0		NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Colorado	_	0	0	_	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
Idaho <sup>¶</sup> Montana <sup>¶</sup>	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
Nevada¶	_	Ő	1	1	NN	_	õ	õ	_	NN
New Mexico <sup>¶</sup>	_	0	1	1	NN	—	0	0	_	NN
Utah Wyoming <sup>¶</sup>	—	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
	_	0	2	3		_	0	0		
Pacific Alaska	_	0	2	3	NN NN	_	0	0	_	NN NN
California	—	0	1	1	NN	—	0	0	—	NN
Hawaii	—	0	0	—	NN	—	0	0	_	NN
Oregon Washington	_	0 0	0 2	2	NN NN	_	0 0	0 0	_	NN NN
American Samoa	_	0	0	_	NN	_	0	0	_	NN
C.N.M.I.	_	_	_	—	NN	_	_		—	NN
Guam Buarta Dica	—	0	0		NN	—	0	0		NN
Puerto Rico	—	0	82	880	NN	—	0	3	21	NN
U.S. Virgin Islands		0	0		NN		0	0		NN

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending June 5, 2010, and June 6, 2009 (22nd week)\*

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. \* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. \* Dengue Fever includes cases that meet criteria for Dengue Fever with hemorrhage. § DHF includes cases that meet criteria for dengue shock syndrome (DSS), a more severe form of DHF. \* Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

## TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending June 5, 2010, and June 6, 2009 (22nd week)\*

							Ehrlichio	sis/Anapla	smosis <sup>†</sup>						
		Ehrli	chia chaffe	ensis			Anaplasma	a phagocyt	ophilum			Und	etermined		
	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current -	Previous !	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous 5	52 weeks	Cum	Cum
Reporting area	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009
United States	3	10	176	78	152	11	12	308	39	139	1	1	34	7	51
New England	_	0	4	3	5	_	2	21	11	25	—	0	1	—	2
Connecticut Maine <sup>§</sup>	_	0 0	0 1	2	_	_	0 0	13 3	4	4	_	0 0	0	_	_
Massachusetts	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_
New Hampshire Rhode Island <sup>§</sup>	_	0 0	1 4	1	1 4	_	0 0	3 20	5 2	6 15	_	0 0	1 0	_	1 1
Vermont <sup>§</sup>	_	0	1	_	_	_	0	0			_	0	0	_	_
Mid. Atlantic	—	3	15	9	29	10	3	27	20	47	—	0	4	1	12
New Jersey New York (Upstate)	_	0 1	8 15	5	17 7	 10	0 2	7 20	1 19	16 30	_	0 0	0 2	1	1
New York City	_	0	2	3	, 1		0	1		1	_	0	0	_	1
Pennsylvania	—	0	5	1	4	—	0	1		—	—	0	3	—	10
E.N. Central Illinois	_	0 0	8 4	_	32	_	2 0	23 1	1	63	_	0 0	7 1	1	23
Indiana	_	0	4	_	13	_	0	0	_	1	_	0	3	1	2 13
Michigan	_	0	1	_	1	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_
Ohio Wisconsin	_	0 0	2 3	_	3 15	_	0 2	0 22		1 61	_	0 0	1 4	_	8
W.N. Central	2	2	23	18	28	_	0	261	_	_	_	0	30	2	4
lowa	—	0	0	_		_	0	0	_	—	—	0	0	—	—
Kansas Minnesota	_	0 0	1 6	_	3	_	0 0	1 261	_	_	_	0 0	0 30	_	2
Missouri	1	1	22	17	25	_	0	201	_	_	_	0	4	2	2
Nebraska <sup>§</sup>	1	0	1	1	—	—	0	1	—	—	—	0	0	—	—
North Dakota South Dakota	_	0 0	0 0	_	_	_	0 0	0	_	_	_	0 0	0	_	_
S. Atlantic	_	3	14	31	34	1	0	2	7	3	_	0	2	_	_
Delaware	_	0	3	7	4	_	0	1	1	_	_	0	0	_	_
District of Columbia Florida	_	0 0	0 1	2	4	_	0 0	0 1	_	_	_	0 0	0	_	_
Georgia	_	0	2	3	8	_	0	1	1	1	_	0	0	_	_
Maryland <sup>§</sup> North Carolina	_	0 0	4 3	4 7	12	1	0 0	1	3 1	2	_	0	0	_	_
South Carolina <sup>§</sup>	_	0	1		2	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_
Virginia <sup>§</sup>	_	1 0	13	8	4	—	0 0	1 0	1	-	_	0	2 1	_	_
West Virginia E.S. Central	_	0	1 11	 10	21	_	0	0	_	1	1	0	5	3	10
Alabama§	_	0	3	1		_	0	1	_	_	_	0 0	0	_	
Kentucky	—	0	2	1	2	—	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	—	—
Mississippi Tennessee <sup>§</sup>	_	0 1	2 10	8	 19	_	0 0	0 1	_	1	1	0 0	0 5	3	 10
W.S. Central	1	0	141	7	1	_	0	23	_	_	_	0	0	_	_
Arkansas <sup>§</sup>	_	0	34	_	—	_	0	6	_	—	_	0	0	—	—
Louisiana Oklahoma		0 0	0 105	6	1	_	0 0	0 16	_	_	_	0 0	0	_	_
Texas <sup>§</sup>	_	0	2	1	_	_	0	1	_	_	_	0	0	_	_
Mountain	_	0	0	_	_	—	0	0	—	-	—	0	1	_	_
Arizona Colorado	_	0 0	0 0	_	_	_	0 0	0 0	_	_	_	0	1 0	_	_
Colorado Idaho <sup>§</sup>	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_
Montana <sup>§</sup>	_	0	0	—	—	_	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	—	—
Nevada <sup>§</sup> New Mexico <sup>§</sup>	_	0 0	0	_	_	_	0 0	0	_	_	_	0 0	0	_	_
Utah	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	—	—	_	0	0	—	—
Wyoming§	_	0	0	_		_	0	0 1	_	_	_	0	0	_	_
Pacific Alaska	_	0 0	1 0	_	2	_	0 0	0	_	_	_	0 0	1 0	_	_
California	_	0	1	_	2	_	0	1	_	_	_	0	1	_	_
Hawaii Oregon	_	0 0	0	_	_	_	0 0	0	_	_	_	0 0	0	_	_
Washington	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_
American Samoa	_	0	0	_	—		0	0	_	—		0	0	—	_
C.N.M.I. Guam	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	—	0	0	—	—
Puerto Rico	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_
U.S. Virgin Islands	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. \* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. † Cumulative total *E. ewingji* cases reported as of this week = 0. § Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending June 5, 2010, and June 6, 2009 (22nd week)\*

Pertor         Product of the second of				Giardiasis	5				Gonorrhea	a		На	<i>emophilus i</i> All ages	<i>nfluenzae,</i> , all seroty		
United State         United State<	Reporting area		-										-			Cum
New Graphand         3         26         65         305         577         126         92         197         2,130         22,04         2         3         3         3         5         44           Maine®         3         4         13         75         72         23         3         11         88         88         -         0         2         4         17         23           Maine®         11         11         11         122         13         6         19         120         139         -         0         2         4         13           Biodelinand®         -         1         7         19         23         13         6         19         120         130         -         0         2         4         19         130         130         130         130         130         122         111         120         130         122         130         122         130         120         130         130         130         130         130         130         120         130         130         120         120         120         120         120         120         120         120 <td></td>																
$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{Conscription} & - & 6 & 15 & 94 & 106 & 58 & 45 & 170 & 975 & 923 & 2 & 0 & 15 & 17 & 23 & 17 & 18 & 17 & 23 & 11 & 18 & 58 & - & 0 & 2 & - & 7 & 47 & 17 & 18 & 18 & 17 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12$																
		_														23
New Hangshine         -         3         11         51         49         -         2         7         65         43         -         0         2         7         3           Vermont <sup>1</sup> -         4         14         66         32         -         1         17         27         23         1         1         34         1         357         33           Mack Martin         25         4         64         44         447         99         90         102         122         1262         1262         1262         1262         2         2         0         98         81         35         223         109         208         277         4581         4027         2         4         9         98         11         35         323         26         353		3			75							_			4	12
Bhode Righad <sup>5</sup> -         1         7         19         23         13         6         19         120         139         -         0         2         4         1           Mid. Atlantic         25         61         112         120         132         131         1304         42         233         43         20         238         43         20         238         43         20         238         43         20         238         43         20         238         43         20         238         43         20         238         43         20         24         29         98         113         231         237         4581         4,027         2         4         8         18         153         223         13         8         16         120         13         233         233         13         232         14         14         8,78         -         1         5         23         43         13         14         14         8,78         7         230         13         3         13         33         14         14         8,78         7         15         13         38         14         13			-													
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	' '															
Mid. Atsnic         25         61         112         1030         1251         495         635         941         12,643         12,741         4         12         34         267         238           New York (k)pixtle)         15         24         44         424         439         90         101         422         2,162         2,190         2         4         20         73         56           Remork (k)pixtle)         15         24         44         439         90         215         24,131         12,192         24         49         98         131           Enc. central         9         42         199         921         -         494         413         1401         328         -         1         5         28         48         430         141         1         27,422         1         5         28         48         430         1         1         1         1         1         5         28         48         44         1         24         78         73         30         1         1         1         1<1		_														3
Interview         —         6         15         2         177         96         92         132         1,993         1,990          2         7         38         4           New York (Dyrot City         3         16         25         328         348         200         155         336         4,480         4,337         -2         6         58         337           Enk. Contral         7         15         35         27         18         10         13         19         7,442         1         4         10         18         122         28         340         4,481         3,485         -         0         4         15         12         6         52         8         6         550         1         2         18         14         325         28         18         325         6,550         1         2         13         15         13         9         16         13         14         14         17         2         13         14         13         14         13         13         33         33         14         33         33         33         14         33         33         33		25	-				495					4				
$\begin{split} \text{New York (Upstate)} & 15 & 24 & 84 & 424 & 439 & 90 & 101 & 422 & 2,162 & 2,160 & 2 & 4 & 20 & 73 & 56 \\ \text{Perny Work (upstate)} & 7 & 15 & 37 & 226 & 287 & 109 & 208 & 277 & 4,581 & 4,527 & 2 & 4 & 9 & 90 & 111 \\ \text{Indiva} & - & 16 & 22 & 193 & 1,241 & 172 & 1,070 & 1,336 & 1,324 & 2,2,482 & - & 2 & 4 & 4 & 9 & 90 & 115 & 122 \\ \text{Indiva} & - & 16 & 22 & 193 & 22 & - & 247 & 143 & 148 & 1403 & 2,258 & - & - & 1 & 4 & 45 & 132 & 122 \\ \text{Ohio} & 7 & 16 & 28 & 347 & 320 & 28 & 316 & 363 & 5,359 & 6,550 & - & 2 & 6 & 4 & 15 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12$																
PennsyNamia         7         15         37         276         287         100         208         277         4,581         40.27         2         4         9         96         111           Illinois         —         12         22         133         221         —         349         441         48         8766         —         2         9         45         82           Illinois         —         12         22         133         221         —         349         410         32.85         …         2         9         52         84         32           Michigan         2         13         22         247         257         150         249         502         5.288         6.544         …         0         4         15         15         34         3         3237         …         …         0         1         1         …         …         3         3         2         1         1         …         …         …         1         1         …         …         3         1         6         1         1         …         …         …         …         …         …         …		15	24			439	90			,		2				56
$ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{EnC} \mathbf{Cerrati} & 9 & 49 & 92 & 935 & 1.041 & 178 & 10.70 & 15.36 & 13.219 & 27.482 & 1 & 8 & 18 & 18 & 153 & 223 & 10 \\ \mathbf{Indiana} & - & 6 & 14 & 99 & 92 & - & 87 & 183 & 1.401 & 32.65 & - & 1 & 5 & 123 & 123 & 123 & 11 & $												_				30
	Pennsylvania															
		9				,	178					1				223
$ \begin{array}{ccccc} \mbox{Michigan} & 2 & 13 & 25 & 247 & 257 & 150 & 249 & 502 & 5.838 & 6.554 & & 0 & 4 & 15 & 12 & 48 \\ \mbox{Wisconsin} & - & 7 & 23 & 49 & 151 & & 89 & 115 & 573 & 2.307 & & 1 & 5 & 13 & 38 \\ \mbox{Wisconsin} & - & 7 & 23 & 49 & 151 & & 89 & 115 & 573 & 2.307 & & 1 & 5 & 13 & 88 \\ \mbox{Wisconsin} & - & 7 & 23 & 49 & 151 & & 89 & 115 & 573 & 2.207 & & 0 & 1 & 1 & \\ \mbox{Inval} & 3 & 6 & 15 & 107 & 103 & & 31 & 46 & 658 & 2.21 & & 0 & 1 & 1 & \\ \mbox{Inval} & 3 & 6 & 15 & 107 & 103 & & 31 & 46 & 658 & 2.21 & & 0 & 1 & 2 & 8 & 10 \\ \mbox{Minnecta} & - & 0 & 135 & 136 & 137 & & 41 & 64 & 722 & 1,003 & 1 & 0 & 17 & 2.3 & 15 \\ \mbox{Minnecta} & - & 0 & 8 & 9 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 11 & 22 & 125 & 2.48 & 2.463 & & 0 & 4 & 5 & 3 \\ \mbox{Norh} ^3 & 3 & 3 & 27 & 17 & 16 & 12 & 121 & 125 & 248 & 2.463 & & 0 & 4 & 5 & 5 \\ \mbox{South Dakora} & - & 0 & 8 & 9 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 211 & 152 & 448 & 538 & & 0 & 1 & 4 & 4 \\ \mbox{Norh} & - & 0 & 1 & 29 & 31 & & 4 & 16 & & 163 & & 0 & 0 & & - \\ \mbox{South Dakora} & - & 1 & 10 & 29 & 31 & & 4 & 16 & & 163 & & 0 & 1 & & - \\ \mbox{South Dakora} & - & 1 & 4 & 102 & 22 & 32 & 43 & 86 & 777 & 1,186 & & 0 & 1 & & - & 1 \\ \mbox{Delaware} & 1 & 0 & 31 & 12 & 13 & 15 & 19 & 37 & 418 & 338 & & 0 & 1 & & - & 1 \\ \mbox{Delaware} & - & 1 & 4 & 10 & 22 & 32 & 43 & 86 & 7793 & 9,186 & & 0 & 1 & & - & - & \\ \mbox{Georgia} & 9 & 14 & 52 & 382 & 306 & 130 & 127 & 2.55 & 2.500 & 4 & 1 & 1 & 6 & 60 & 129 \\ \mbox{Georgia} & - & 0 & 4 & 13 & 55 & 69 & & 138 & 187 & 3.009 & 2.299 & & 2 & 5 & 37 & 32 \\ \mbox{Microlins} & - & 1 & 5 & 14 & 18 & 4 & 8 & 19 & 197 & 7245 & & 0 & 2 & 7 & 26 & 346 \\ \mbox{Microlins} & - & 1 & 5 & 14 & 188 & 166 & 1,554 & 1,554 & 1,326 & 3,366 & - & 0 & 2 & 7 & 7 & 25 & 37 & 32 & 32 \\ \mbox{Microlins} & - & 1 & 5 & 14 & 18 & 66 & 777 & 3,439 & - & 2 & 7 & 66 & 39 & 337 & - & 2 & 7 & 7 & 66 & 39 & 337 & - & & 2 & 7 & 7 & 66 & 39 & 337 & - & & & & 0 & 7 & 7 & 22 & 7 & 7 & 66 & 13$																82
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $																
Wiscontain         -         7         23         49         151         -         -         89         115         57         2,307         -         1         5         13         38           WN. Central         16         07         103         -         31         46         658         721         -         0         1         1         -           Kansas         1         4         14         87         54         6         40         83         722         1.003         1         0         17         23         15           Missouri         3         0         774         19         72         25         1         44         563         -         0         3         7         15         15         57         143         150         174         193         -         0         0         -         -         0         0         -         -         10         3																
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South Dakota         -         1         10         29         31         -         4         16         -         163         -         0         0         -         -           S.Atlantic         46         74         148         152         139         37         418         358         -         0         1         4         383         387         498         358         -         0         1         4         383         387         498         358         -         0         1         4         6         10         10         6         12         10																12
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					-										5	
Delaware 1 0 3 12 13 15 19 37 148 338 - 0 1 4 33            Ditrict of Columbia - 1 4 10 29 23 43 86 779 1,186 - 0 1 - 1 - 1 7            Florida 29 38 87 769 757 143 381 482 7,934 9,120 1 3 10 86 72 7            Mayinad6 2 6 12 128 108 130 127 237 2,552 2,508 4 1 6 23 45 10 0 0 N N - 226 386 - 6,099 - 1 6 20 55 000 0 N N N - 226 386 - 6,099 - 2 7 46 23 45 0 0 0 N N - 22 7 46 40 154 159 394 3,376 3,530 - 2 7 46 40 55 0 0 0 N N - 22 7 46 33 0 0 0 N N - 22 7 46 40 154 159 394 3,376 3,530 - 2 7 46 33 0 0 0 N N - 22 7 46 10 0 5 8 10 0 12 0 0 0 N N - 22 6 386 - 6,099 - 0 5 300 0 5 0 0 0 0 N N - 22 7 46 10 0 0 N N - 22 6 386 - 6,099 - 0 5 8 16 0 0 5 8 16 0 0 0 N N - 22 7 25 37 37 37 West Virginia - 1 5 14 18 4 8 19 19 72 45 - 0 5 8 16 0 12 7 134 485 655 9,196 11,171 1 3 12 79 90 Alabama5 - 4 13 55 69 - 138 187 3,000 3,250 - 0 2 2 7 25 Kentucky N 0 0 N N N 58 88 18 15 1,640 1,296 - 0 5 14 9 Mississipt1 N 0 0 N N N - 127 198 1,786 3,186 1 0 2 2 7 6 6 Tennessee5 - 3 18 44 77 78 76 146 206 2,770 3,439 - 2 10 51 50 0 KS. Central 2 9 18 130 154 115 861 1,554 14,523 19,993 1 2 20 60 61 61 Arkmas5 1 2 9 41 45 68 74 113 9 662 1,893 - 0 3 10 01 1 15 0 33 37 5 8 Arizona 1 3 10 47 74 - 11 3 343 9 10 4,262 - 0 2 2 12 10 0 0 0 ks. N - 556 965 11,206 1,276 3,326 - 0 2 2 12 10 0 0 kshoma 1 3 10 42 35 47 79 616 1,671 1,079 1 1 15 33 37 10 47 74 - 11 8 24 42 1 0 2 7 2 20 60 61 0 4 Arkamas6 - 4 10 8 05 1 - 1 1 8 28 42 1 1 0 2 7 7 22 Montan6 - 4 10 8 05 1 - 1 1 8 24 42 1 0 2 7 7 22 10 60 61 0 4 2 Colorado 15 12 26 482 154 28 50 127 1,046 1,132 - 1 1 6 39 37 10 41 14 - 2 6 49 38 - 0 1 1 1 15 3 12 30 37 58 8 12 63 109 1,091 1,182 1 - 1 6 39 37 3 10 447 74 - 1 1 8 27 7 9 41 73 1766 - 0 2 5 11 N New Mexico8 1 1 3 10 42 37 75 36 67 172 26 49 38 - 0 1 2 1 1 1 5 33 47 79 616 1,401 1,079 1 1 1 6 3 9 37 1 40 10 4 0 7 7 2 2 0 10 0 1 4 3 10 17 1 1 1 1 15 33 37 1 1 3 10 42 35 77 53 6 7 172 26 6 3,326 - 0 2 2 5 13 10 10 10 6 1 3 4 24 7 9 4 73 1766 - 0 2 3 5 11 1 N New Mexico8 1 1 1 8 27 5 0 - 19 74 14 14 238 412 -															202	
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										2,552		4				45
Virginia <sup>5</sup> 3       8       37       189       178       105       164       271       3,490       2,789        2       5       37       3											,	—				
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ES. Central       -       7       22       99       147       134       485       655       9,196       11,171       1       3       12       79       90         Alabama <sup>3</sup> -       4       13       55       69       -       138       187       3,000       3,250       -       0       2       7       22         Mississippi       N       0       0       N       N       58       88       1551       140       1,296       -       0       2       7       65         Tennessee <sup>5</sup> -       3       18       44       78       76       146       206       2,770       3,439       -       2       10       51       55         W.S. Central       2       9       18       130       154       115       861       1,554       14,523       19,593       1       2       20       60       61         Arkansaš       1       2       9       41       45       68       74       139       662       1,893       -       0       2       5       10       11       15       15       33       37       758       83																
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Nevada <sup>§</sup> 2       11       25       34       24       27       94       731       766        0       2       5       11         New Mexico <sup>§</sup> 1       1       8       27       50        19       41       238       412        1       5       23       18         Utah        5       13       56       99       3       6       14       131       127        0       4       13       16         Wyoming <sup>§</sup> 1       5       15       24        1       7       12       27        0       2       5       17         Pacific       15       54       133       1,023       979       307       548       663       12,140       12,124        2       9       51       79         Alaska        2       7       35       30        23       36       579       356        0       2       11       7         Alaska        0       2       -       7       10       24	Idaho <sup>§</sup>	_					_					1	0	2	7	2
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Pacific       15       54       133       1,023       979       307       548       663       12,140       12,124        2       9       51       79         Alaska        2       7       35       30        23       36       579       356        0       2       11       77         California       11       34       61       652       692       270       456       556       10,183       9,974        0       3       6       28         Hawaii        0       2        7        10       24       230       280        0       2        17       16       28        17       17       10       24       230       280        0       2        17       10       2        17       10       24       230       280        0       2        17       10       12       2       -0       14       43       106       486        1       5       31       24         Washington       4 <td></td> <td>1</td>																1
Alaska       -       2       7       35       30       -       23       36       579       356       -       0       2       11       77         California       11       34       61       652       692       270       456       556       10,183       9,974       -       0       3       6       28         Hawaii       -       0       2       -       7       -       10       24       230       280       -       0       2       -       17         Oregon       -       9       17       196       136       -       14       43       106       486       -       1       5       31       24         Washington       4       9       75       140       114       37       43       84       1,042       1,028       -       0       4       3       33         American Samoa       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -<	, ,											_				79
California       11       34       61       652       692       270       456       556       10,183       9,974        0       3       6       28         Hawaii        0       2        7        10       24       230       280        0       2        17         Oregon        9       17       196       136        14       43       106       486        1       5       31       24         Washington       4       9       75       140       114       37       43       84       1,042       1,028        0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0        0       0         0       0         0       0          0										,		_				7
Hawaii        0       2        7        10       24       230       280        0       2        17         Oregon        9       17       196       136        14       43       106       486        1       5       31       24         Washington       4       9       75       140       114       37       43       84       1,042       1,028        0       4       3       33         American Samoa        0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0        <		11					270					_				28
Washington         4         9         75         140         114         37         43         84         1,042         1,028         —         0         4         3         3           American Samoa         —         0         0         —         —         0         0         —         —         0         43         84         1,042         1,028         —         0         4         3         3           American Samoa         —         0         0         —         —         0         0         —         —         0         0         —         —         0         0         —         —         0         0         —         —         0         0         —         —         2         0         0         —         —         —         0         0         —         —         —         … <td></td> <td>—</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>—</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>230</td> <td>280</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>17</td>		—			—					230	280	_	-			17
American Samoa        0       0         0       0         0       0          0       0          0       0           0       0           0       0   -																24
CNML       -	5	4			140	114					1,028	_			3	3
Guam         -         0         1         1         -         -         0         3         5         -         -         0         0         -         -         -         -         0         0         -         -         -         0         0         -         -         -         -         0         0         -         -         -         -         0         0         -		—	0		—	—		0			—	—	0	0	—	—
Puerto Rico - 1 10 10 61 3 4 24 101 90 - 0 1 1 2		—	_			—					—	—			_	—
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115 virgin islands $-$ 0 0 $ -$ 1 6 $25$ $10$ $-$ 0 0	U.S. Virgin Islands	_	0	0			_	- 1	6	25	90 74	_	0	0	-	

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. \* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. † Data for *H. influenzae* (age <5 yrs for serotype b, nonserotype b, and unknown serotype) are available in Table I. § Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

## TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending June 5, 2010, and June 6, 2009 (22nd week)\*

						I	lepatitis (	viral, acut	e), by typ	e					
			А					В					с		
	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous 5	52 weeks	Cum	Cum
Reporting area	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009
United States	12	33	68	551	817	13	57	203	1,076	1,449	6	15	43	304	321
New England Connecticut	_	1 0	5 2	19 12	43 9	_	1 0	3 3	18 4	26 5	_	1 1	5 4	10 10	23 18
Maine <sup>†</sup>	_	0	1	3	9	_	0	2	4 8	6	_	0	4		10
Massachusetts New Hampshire	—	1 0	4 1	_	23 5	_	0 0	2 2	5	12 3	_	0 0	1 0	_	4
Rhode Island <sup>†</sup>	_	0	4	4	3	_	0	0			_	0	0	_	_
Vermont <sup>†</sup>	_	0	0		2	_	0	1	1		_	0	0		1
Mid. Atlantic New Jersey	1	4 0	10 4	79 8	111 34	2	5 1	10 4	119 25	170 57	1	2 0	4 2	38 4	41 6
New York (Upstate)	—	1	3	25	19	1	1	6	23	30	1	1	3	23	18
New York City Pennsylvania	1	1	5 6	24 22	29 29	1	1 1	4 5	36 35	31 52	_	0 0	1 3	— 11	1 16
E.N. Central	_	4	19	66	125	2	7	14	142	210	1	2	6	56	38
Illinois Indiana	—	1 0	13 4	14 8	46 9	—	2 1	6 5	27 19	47 38	—	0 0	1 3	10	3 5
Michigan	_	1	4	25	32	_	2	6	47	50 59	1	1	5 6	43	12
Ohio Wisconsin	—	0 0	4	14	23	2	2	4	49	54	—	0	3	3	16
Wisconsin W.N. Central	_	1	2 10	5 23	15 52	_	0 3	3 15	 56	12 52	_	0	1 11	12	2 5
lowa	_	0	3	4	15	_	1	3	9	11	_	0	4	1	2
Kansas Minnesota	_	0	2 8	7 1	5 12	_	0 0	2 13	3 2	4 10	_	0	0 9	3	1
Missouri	_	0	3	10	9	_	1	5	34	17	_	0	1	7	_
Nebraska <sup>†</sup> North Dakota	_	0	3 1	1	9	_	0 0	2 0	8	9	_	0	1	1	2
South Dakota	_	0	1	_	2	_	0	1	_	1	_	Ő	1	_	_
S. Atlantic	1	7	14	123	181	5	16	39	325	390	1	3	8	63	92
Delaware District of Columbia	_	0 0	1 1	5 1	2 1	_	1 0	2 2	13 2	15 4	U	0 0	0 1	U 2	U
Florida	1	3 1	8	47	84	3	5	11 7	131	136	1	1 0	4	23 5	16
Georgia Maryland†	_	0	3 4	16 10	16 18	_	3 1	6	62 24	60 42	_	1	2 3	5 12	20 17
North Carolina South Carolina <sup>†</sup>	—	0 1	3 4	11 19	31 16	1	1 1	4 4	4 23	56 19	—	0	4 0	9	17 1
Virginia <sup>†</sup>	_	1	3	13	13	1	2	14	41	35	_	0	2	6	6
West Virginia	-	0	2	1		_	0	19	25	23	_	0	3	6	15
E.S. Central Alabama <sup>†</sup>	_	1 0	3 2	17 4	18 5	1	6 1	13 5	113 24	155 46	1	2 0	7 2	53 2	45 5
Kentucky	—	0	2	9	3	—	2	6	36	38	—	1	5	37	25
Mississippi Tennessee <sup>†</sup>	_	0	1 2	4	5 5	1	0 2	3 6	10 43	11 60	1	0 0	0 4	14	 15
W.S. Central	5	3	19	63	74	1	9	109	156	240	1	1	14	23	20
Arkansas <sup>†</sup> Louisiana	_	0 0	3 1	4	5 2	_	1 1	4 5	17 16	29 24	_	0 0	1 1	2	1 4
Oklahoma	_	0	3	—	1	_	1	19	29	48	1	0	12	12	3
Texas <sup>†</sup>	5	3	18	59	66	1	5	87	94	139	—	0 1	4 4	9	12
Mountain Arizona	3 2	3 1	8 5	61 32	58 22	_	2 0	6 3	38 13	59 25	_	0	4	17	24
Colorado	1	1	4	11	17	_	0	2	1	11	_	0	3	2	13
ldaho <sup>†</sup> Montana <sup>†</sup>	_	0 0	1 1	3 4	3	_	0 0	2 1	4	2	_	0 0	2 0	6	1 1
Nevada <sup>†</sup>	_	0	2	6	7	_	1	3	16	11	_	0	1	1	2
New Mexico <sup>†</sup> Utah	_	0 0	1 2	3 2	6 3	_	0 0	1 1	2 2	4 4	_	0 0	2 1	5 3	5 2
Wyoming <sup>†</sup>	_	0	1	_			0	1		2		0	0		
Pacific Alaska	2	5 0	16 0	100	155 2	2	6 0	20 1	109 1	147 2	1	1 0	6 2	32	33
California	2	4	15	81	116	1	4	16	76	105	_	1	4	13	16
Hawaii Oregon	_	0 0	2 2	10	6 8	_	0 1	1 4	 16	3 19	_	0 0	0 3	 10	8
Washington	_	0	2	9	23	1	0	4	16	18	1	0	6	9	9
American Samoa	—	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	_	—
C.N.M.I. Guam	_	0	6	10	_	_	1	6	22	_	_	1	5	 19	_
Puerto Rico	_	0	2	2	15	_	0	5	7	14	_	0	0	_	_
U.S. Virgin Islands	_	0	0	_	—	—	0	0	—	—	_	0	0	_	_

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. \* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. \* Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

		L	egionellos	is			Ly	me disease	5			Ν	lalaria		
	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous 5	2 weeks	Cum	Cum
Reporting area	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009
United States	30	57	174	725	748	110	420	2,345	4,125	7,041	7	26	87	400	469
New England	_	3	18	22	30	26	115	857	737	2,617	_	1	4	5	22
Connecticut	_	1	5	11	7	_	30	295	232	1,038	—	0	3	1	1
Maine <sup>†</sup>	—	0	3	3		14	14	76	159	75	—	0	1	1	1
Massachusetts New Hampshire	_	0 0	9 3	2	21	5	39 19	401 95	293	1,048 387	_	0	3 1	1	15 1
Rhode Island <sup>†</sup>	_	0	4	5	1	1	1	29	10	17	_	0	1	1	2
Vermont <sup>†</sup>	_	0	1	1	1	6	4	45	43	52	_	0	1	1	2
Mid. Atlantic	6	18	73	172	196	50	169	999	2,312	2,657	1	7	17	118	128
New Jersey	_	3	14	3	38	_	38	430	520	1,169	_	1	5	1	35
New York (Upstate)	4	5	29	57	60	24	56	577	547	604	1	1	4	27	17
New York City	_	3	19	34	26	1	12	58	3	205	—	4	12	66	59
Pennsylvania	2	6	25	78	72	25	68	475	1,242	679	_	1	4	24	17
E.N. Central	9	10	41	123	154	_	17	258	67	484	—	2	12	38	59
Illinois	_	1	11	7	21	—	1	12	6	25	—	1	7	18	26
Indiana Michigan	_	1 3	5 13	10 29	18 24	_	1 1	6 9	10 5	17 7	_	0	4 3	2 5	9 7
Ohio	9	5	13	29 75	24 68	_	1	5	5 5	6	_	0	3 6	5 13	14
Wisconsin	_	0	6	2	23	_	15	239	41	429	_	0	2		3
W.N. Central	3	2	19	31	25	_	3	1,395	13	74	_	1	11	21	23
lowa	_	0	3	2	8	_	0	15	6	34	_	0	1	6	5
Kansas	_	Ő	1	2	3	_	Ő	2	3	9	_	Ő	1	3	2
Minnesota	1	0	16	10	_	_	0	1,380	_	26	_	0	11	3	10
Missouri	2	1	5	11	8	_	0	1	1	1	—	0	1	3	4
Nebraska <sup>†</sup>	_	0	2	2	5	_	0	3	3	3	_	0	2	6	1
North Dakota South Dakota	_	0	1 1	2 2	1	_	0 0	15 0	_	1	_	0	1 0	_	1
										-		v			
S. Atlantic	8	11	24	156	156	25	62	258	858	1,103	2	6	15	106	145
Delaware District of Columbia	_	0 0	5 5	5 2	1 5	_	12 0	65 7	209 3	254 13	_	0	1 3	2 5	1 5
Florida	2	4	10	65	61	_	2	11	27	11	1	2	7	47	36
Georgia	_	1	4	21	22	_	0	6	3	16	_	ō	6	2	31
Maryland <sup>†</sup>	5	3	12	36	29	17	29	134	398	560	_	1	13	22	38
North Carolina	_	0	5	2	22	—	1	7	12	40	_	0	3	5	15
South Carolina <sup>†</sup>	1	0	2	3	3	_	1	3	12	15	_	0	1	2	1
Virginia <sup>†</sup>	_	1 0	6 2	20 2	13	8	14 0	79 33	179 15	161	1	1 0	5 2	21	17
West Virginia										33		-			1
E.S. Central	2	2	12	38	41	1	1	4	15	8	1	0	4	9	15
Alabama <sup>†</sup> Kentucky	_	0 0	2 3	3 8	8 17	_	0 0	1 1	1	1 1	_	0	3 3	1 3	3 5
Mississippi	_	0	2	2	2	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	1		
Tennessee <sup>†</sup>	2	1	9	25	14	1	1	4	14	6	1	Ő	1	5	7
W.S. Central	1	2	14	33	42	2	3	44	26	33	1	2	31	47	12
Arkansas <sup>†</sup>	_	0	1	4	3	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	1	1	_
Louisiana		0	3	1	5	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	1	_	3
Oklahoma	1	0	4	5	2	—	0	2	_	_	_	0	1	3	_
Texas <sup>†</sup>	_	1	10	23	32	2	3	42	26	33	1	1	30	43	9
Mountain	1	3	8	42	43	—	0	4	5	16	-	1	6	14	13
Arizona	—	1	4	16	19	—	0	1	_	1	—	0	2	6	1
Colorado	_	0	4	2	4	_	0	1 3	1	5	_	0	3	2	9
Idaho <sup>†</sup> Montana <sup>†</sup>	_	0	2 1	2	1 4	_	0 0	3 1	2	5	_	0	1 3	1	1
Nevada <sup>†</sup>	1	0	2	12	6	_	0	2	_	5	_	0	1	2	_
New Mexico <sup>†</sup>	_	Ő	2	2	1	_	Ő	1	1		_	ő	0	_	_
Utah		0	4	7	7	_	0	1	1	4	_	0	1	3	2
Wyoming <sup>†</sup>	_	0	2	1	1	—	0	1	—	_	—	0	0	—	—
Pacific	_	4	19	108	61	6	4	10	92	49	2	3	19	42	52
Alaska	_	0	0	_	1	_	0	1	1	3	_	0	1	2	1
California	_	3	19	99	50	6	3	9	64	27	1	2	13	29	39
Hawaii	_	0	0		1	N	0	0	N	N	_	0	0		1
Oregon	_	0	3	2	5	—	1	4	26	17	- 1	0	1	3	6
Washington	—	0	4	7	4		0	3	1	2	1	0	5	8	5
American Samoa	_	0	0	_	_	N	0	0	N	N	_	0	0	_	_
C.N.M.I. Guam	_	0	0	_	_	—	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_
		U	U	_	_	_	U	U	_	_	_	U	U		_
Puerto Rico		0	1			N	0	0	N	N		0	2	1	1

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. \* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. † Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

## TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending June 5, 2010, and June 6, 2009 (22nd week)\*

		Meningoco	ccal disea All groups		e <sup>†</sup>			Pertussis				Rabi	es, animal		
	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum
Reporting area	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009
United States	5	16	43	333	493	97	268	1,751	4,198	5,667	43	68	147	1,052	2,194
New England	_	0	2	4	16	_	7	23	33	284	2	5	24	102	138
Connecticut Maine <sup>§</sup>	_	0	2 1	1	2 2	_	1	4 10	14 7	14 47	2	1	22	52 25	59 21
Massachusetts	_	0	1	1	2	_	0 4	10		47 174	_	0	4 0	25	21
New Hampshire	_	0	1	_	1	_	1	6	4	35	_	0	3	3	14
Rhode Island <sup>§</sup> Vermont <sup>§</sup>	_	0	1	3	1	_	0 0	8	5	8	_	0	5 5	3	17
	_	0 1	1 4	32	1 56	16	20	1 42	3 282	6 489	 14	1 10	25	19 263	27 252
Mid. Atlantic New Jersey	_	0	2	32 8	7		20	10	34	109		0	23	205	252
New York (Upstate)	_	0	3	7	11	7	6	27	109	72	14	9	22	199	150
New York City	_	0	2	7	12	5 4	0 8	11	13	42	_	0	11 0	64	2
Pennsylvania	_	2	2 7	10 46	26 90	4 18	8 57	22 105	126 1,043	266 1,132	2	0	0 19		100 58
E.N. Central Illinois	_	2	4	40	90 21		10	29	1,043	282		2	9	16	18
Indiana		Ő	2	11	23	_	6	16	79	135	_	0	5	_	13
Michigan	—	0	5	8	12	1	18	41	323	235	_	1	6	15	18
Ohio Wisconsin	_	1 0	2 2	17 3	21 13	17	20 1	49 12	472 5	412 68	2	0	5 0	8	9
W.N. Central	1	1	6	25	37	_	26	627	340	948	6	6	18	87	162
lowa		0	3	5	5	_	5	17	112	96	_	0	4	_	13
Kansas	_	0	2	2	6	—	3	12	50	100	—	1	4	22	44
Minnesota Missouri	1	0	2 3	2 12	8 13	_	0 12	601 35	6 120	174 482	1 4	0	9 5	14 24	20 16
Nebraska <sup>§</sup>		0	2	4	3	_	2	55	38	462	4	1	6	24	45
North Dakota	_	0	1	_	_	_	0	12	_	2	_	0	7	3	4
South Dakota	_	0	2		2		1	6	14	9		0	4		20
S. Atlantic	2	2	7 1	69	99	20	22 0	63	411	604	16	30	58	425	988
Delaware District of Columbia	_	0	0	1	2	_	0	2 1	2	6 3	_	0	0	_	_
Florida	1	1	5	36	30	10	6	29	122	201	_	0	21	45	161
Georgia	—	0	1	6	18	1	3	8	78	116	—	5	14		191
Maryland <sup>§</sup> North Carolina	_	0	1 2	3 5	5 24	_	3	8 9	43	54 91	_	7 4	15 17	137	153 207
South Carolina <sup>§</sup>	1	Ő	1	6	6	6	4	18	105	62	_	0	0	_	
Virginia <sup>§</sup>	—	0	2	11	10	3	4	15	54	66	16	10	26	210	229
West Virginia	_	0	2 4	1	4	1	0	6	7	5	_	2	6 7	33	47
<b>E.S. Central</b> Alabama <sup>§</sup>	_	0	4	19 4	18 5	1	15 4	31 17	292 66	328 124	_	2	4	48 16	74
Kentucky	_	0	2	8	3	1	4	15	115	97	_	0	2	3	25
Mississippi	—	0	1	2	2	—	1	6	21	34	—	0	1	_	1
Tennessee <sup>§</sup>	_	0	2	5	8		4	10	90	73	1	1	6	29	48
W.S. Central Arkansas <sup>§</sup>	_	1 0	9 2	39 5	40 5	24	69 5	753 29	1,107 43	1,027 117	1	8 0	40 10	17 11	380 22
Louisiana	_	0	3	8	10	_	1	7	12	77	_	0	0		
Oklahoma	_	0	7	12	2	6	0	41	11	12	1	0	15	6	4
Texas <sup>§</sup>	_	1	7	14	23	18	61	681	1,041	821	_	7	30		354
Mountain Arizona	1	1 0	4 2	27 7	39 7	10	17 6	41 12	338 114	442 88	_	1 0	8 5	15	46
Colorado	1	0	3	8	11	4	3	13	48	116	_	0	0	_	_
Idaho <sup>§</sup>	_	0	1	4	5	3	1	19	69	41	—	0	2	1	
Montana <sup>§</sup> Nevada <sup>§</sup>	_	0	1 1	1 4	5 3	3	1 0	6 6	8 6	10 6	_	0	4 1	_	13
New Mexico <sup>§</sup>	_	0	1	2	3	_	1	6	29	30	_	0	3	4	15
Utah	_	0	1	1	1	—	3	7	62	134	—	0	2		2
Wyoming <sup>§</sup>		0	1		4	_	0	2	2	17		0	3	10	16
Pacific Alaska	1	3 0	16 2	72 1	98 3	8	27 0	186 6	352 12	413 27	2	3 0	12 2	56 11	96 9
California	_	2	13	48	63	1	15	162	172	160	2	0 3	11	41	87
Hawaii	_	0	2	_	3	_	0	4	_	16	_	0	0	_	_
Oregon	1	0	5 7	14	20	5	4	12	110	90 120	_	0	2	4	_
Washington	_	0 0	0	9	9	2	5 0	24 0	58	120	N	0	0 0	N	N
American Samoa C.N.M.I.	_			_	_	_			_	_	IN		_		
Guam		0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_
Puerto Rico	—	0	1	—	—	—	0	0	—	1	1	1	3	21	20
U.S. Virgin Islands	—	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	—	—	_	0	0	—	—

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. \* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. † Data for meningococcal disease, invasive caused by serogroups A, C, Y, and W-135; serogroup B; other serogroup; and unknown serogroup are available in Table I. § Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

		S	almonello	sis		Shig	a toxin-pı	oducing E	. coli (STEC	:)†		Sh	igellosis		
	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current -	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous 5	52 weeks	Cum	Cum
Reporting area	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009
United States	419	959	1,521	11,017	14,863	29	70	195	956	1,411	180	268	523	4,881	6,737
New England	2	21	155	287	1,153	_	2	30	32	129	_	3	28	32	115
Connecticut Maine <sup>§</sup>	2	0	150 7	150	430	_	0 0	18	18 3	67 9	_	0 0	21	21 3	43
Massachusetts		2 15	47	33	45 438	_	0	2 6		31	_	0	2 27	- 3	2 58
New Hampshire	_	3	9	53	160	_	0	3	9	16	_	0	5	3	2
Rhode Island <sup>§</sup>	_	2	11	33	54	_	0	26	_	_	_	0	7	4	7
Vermont <sup>§</sup>		1	5	18	26	_	0	3	2	6		0	1	1	3
Mid. Atlantic	55	84 16	208	1,481 189	1,749 360	3	7 1	24 5	118 8	142 42	10	39 6	90 23	649 98	1,309 311
New Jersey New York (Upstate)	28	24	47 78	391	384	3	3	15	53	33	1	4	25 19	98 69	76
New York City	3	22	46	381	405	_	1	4	13	31	1	7	15	120	199
Pennsylvania	24	29	67	520	600	_	2	8	44	36	8	21	63	362	723
E.N. Central	33	73	168	1,139	1,918	_	9	29	107	258	8	28	233	749	1,319
Illinois Indiana	1	24 9	52 31	338 37	548 200	_	1	6 9	10 13	80 27	_	9 1	227 5	516 14	318 35
Michigan	2	15	34	255	398	_	2	7	39	46	1	4	10	74	117
Ohio	30	25	52	475	523	_	2	11	39	42	7	9	46	133	629
Wisconsin	—	9	30	34	249	—	1	11	6	63	—	4	23	12	220
W.N. Central	21	47	94	747	1,005	5	10	41	177	170	50	44	88	1,177	334
lowa	2	7	16	116	164	—	2	14	25	40		0 4	5	19	40
Kansas Minnesota	4	6 10	20 32	112 179	124 228	_	1 2	5 17	17 31	20 40	5	4	14 6	103 14	104 28
Missouri	13	13	29	232	189	5	2	29	82	40	44	38	75	1,026	149
Nebraska <sup>§</sup>	1	4	12	62	182	—	1	6	16	25	1	0	3	12	10
North Dakota	_	0	39	8	12	_	0	7	_	1	_	0	5		1
South Dakota		2	9	38	106	_	0	12	6	4		0	2	3 711	2
S. Atlantic Delaware	165 2	286 2	503 9	3,075 35	3,452 26	9	12 0	23 2	181 1	250 5	41	39 3	73 10	31	989 31
District of Columbia		2	6	23	39	_	0	1	2	1	_	0	3	11	13
Florida	95	132	277	1,484	1,478	6	3	7	70	74	22	11	19	276	182
Georgia	21	42	105	489	593	_	1	4	21	27	17	12	23	260	264
Maryland <sup>§</sup> North Carolina	14	15 34	32 90	268 230	266 452	1	1	6 5	26 4	29 52	1	4	17 26	38 15	161 195
South Carolina <sup>§</sup>	22	17	90 66	225	235	_	0	3	6	11	1	1	20	30	62
Virginia <sup>§</sup>	11	18	68	257	301	2	3	15	48	43	_	3	15	49	76
West Virginia	—	4	23	64	62	—	0	5	3	8	—	0	2	1	5
E.S. Central	15	49	111	612	856	3	4	10	58	83	9	11	33	245	424
Alabama <sup>§</sup>	5	14 8	40	166	266	1	1	4 4	15	19 26	8	2 3	10	31	81
Kentucky Mississippi	3	0 12	18 42	131 126	165 201	_	0	2	6 8	26 6	°	5 1	26 4	120 12	112 14
Tennessee§	7	13	33	189	224	2	1	8	29	32	1	5	14	82	217
W.S. Central	42	110	547	1,096	1,482	2	5	68	52	97	42	47	251	782	1,300
Arkansas <sup>§</sup>	14	10	25	114	166	_	1	4	12	10	2	3	15	20	142
Louisiana		21	46	242	309	_	0	3	4	13		3	8	66	96
Oklahoma Texas <sup>§</sup>	14 14	10 58	46 477	146 594	183 824	2	0 3	27 41	3 33	6 68	7 33	6 34	96 144	133 563	85 977
Mountain	19	49	133	825	1,079	1	7	26	100	157	12	14	48	209	479
Arizona	3	18	50	269	372	_	, 1	4	23	19	3	10	42	106	340
Colorado	11	11	33	213	214	1	2	11	17	68	6	2	6	40	36
ldaho <sup>§</sup>	1	3	10	50	66	—	1	7	15	14	—	0	1	5	2
Montana <sup>§</sup> Nevada <sup>§</sup>	4	2 4	7 13	38 73	54 107	_	0 0	7 4	16 9	8 8	3	0 1	1 7	4 14	11 29
New Mexico <sup>§</sup>	-	5	40	80	114	_	1	3	10	15		1	8	36	29 50
Utah	—	6	14	87	122	_	1	11	9	23	_	0	4	4	11
Wyoming <sup>§</sup>	—	1	9	15	30	—	0	2	1	2	—	0	2	—	—
Pacific	67	119	299	1,755	2,169	6	9	46	131	125	8	21	64	327	468
Alaska California	 35	1 88	6 227	31 1,263	27	2	0	1 35	67	 79	8	0	2	 279	262
Hawaii	35	88 4	62	1,263	1,657 101		5 0	35	67	79	8	16 0	51 4	2/9	363 11
Oregon	1	8	49	239	162	_	1	11	14	11	_	1	4	23	23
Washington	31	14	61	222	222	4	4	18	50	32	_	2	9	25	70
American Samoa	—	1	1	1	—	_	0	0	—	_	—	1	1	1	3
C.N.M.I.	—	_	_	_	—	—		_	—	—	—	_	_	—	—
Guam Puerto Rico	_	0 8	1 39	1 69	212	_	0 0	0 0	_	_	_	0 0	0 1	_	5
U.S. Virgin Islands	_	0	0			_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	
o.o. virgin islanus	_	0	U	_	_	_	U	0	_	_	_	U	0		_

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. \* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. † Includes *E. coli* 0157:H7; Shiga toxin-positive, serogroup non-O157; and Shiga toxin-positive, not serogrouped. § Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

	Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis (including RMSF) <sup>†</sup>																	
			Confirmed				1	Probable										
	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous 5	2 weeks	Cum	Cum								
Reporting area	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009								
United States	1	2	12	22	39	11	11	416	168	384								
New England Connecticut	_	0 0	1 0	_	1	—	0 0	2 0	1	5								
Maine <sup>§</sup>	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	1	1	4								
Massachusetts	—	0	1	—	1	—	0	2	—	1								
New Hampshire Rhode Island <sup>§</sup>		0 0	0 0		_	_	0 0	1 0	_	_								
Vermont <sup>§</sup>	—	0	1	—	—	—	0	0	—	—								
Mid. Atlantic	1	0	2	5	_	1	1	7	14	30								
New Jersey New York (Upstate)	1	0 0	1	1	_	1	0 0	3 3	3	23 1								
New York City	_	0	1	_	—	_	0	2	7	2								
Pennsylvania	—	0	2	4	_	—	0	2	4	4								
E.N. Central Illinois	_	0 0	1 1		4	_	0 0	7 6	_	29 17								
Indiana	—	0	1	—	3	—	0	2	_	2								
Michigan Ohio	_	0 0	1 0	_	1	_	0 0	1 4	_	9								
Wisconsin	_	0	1	_	_	_	0	1	_	1								
W.N. Central	_	0	3	3	4	2	2	23	45	59								
lowa Kansas	_	0 0	1	1	_	_	0 0	1 0	_	2								
Minnesota	_	0	1	_	_	_	0	1	_	_								
Missouri Nebraska <sup>§</sup>	_	0 0	1 2	2	2 2	2	2 0	22 1	45	56								
North Dakota	_	0	2	_		_	0	0	_	1								
South Dakota	—	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	—	—								
S. Atlantic Delaware	_	1 0	7 1	9 1	24	6	3 0	31 3	60 5	148 3								
District of Columbia	_	0	0	—	_	_	0	1		_								
Florida	—	0	1	1		3	0	2	8	2								
Georgia Maryland <sup>§</sup>	_	0 0	6 1	5 1	22	_	0 0	0 3	3	23								
North Carolina	—	0	2	1	1	—	1	23	27	86								
South Carolina <sup>§</sup> Virginia <sup>§</sup>		0	1		1	3	0 0	1 5	2 15	13 21								
West Virginia	_	ů 0	0	—	—	_	Ő	1		_								
E.S. Central	_	0	2	3	—	2	3	16	35	77								
Alabama <sup>§</sup> Kentucky	_	0	1	2	_	_	1 0	7 0	7	14								
Mississippi	—	0	0	_	—	_	0	3	_	7								
Tennessee <sup>§</sup>	_	0	2	1	_	2	2	13	28	56								
W.S. Central Arkansas <sup>§</sup>	_	0 0	3 1	1	1		1 0	408 110	12	27 9								
Louisiana	—	0	0	—	—	—	0	1		2								
Oklahoma Texas <sup>§</sup>		0	3 1	1	1	_	0 0	287 11	8 4	5 11								
Mountain	_	0	2	_	4	_	0	3	1	9								
Arizona	—	0	2	—	1	—	0	2	_	4								
Colorado Idaho <sup>§</sup>		0 0	1 0	_	_	_	0 0	0 1	1	_								
Montana <sup>§</sup>	_	0	1	_	3	_	0	1	_	3								
Nevada <sup>§</sup> New Mexico <sup>§</sup>	_	0 0	0 0	_	_	_	0 0	1 0	_	1								
Utah	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	1								
Wyoming <sup>§</sup>	—	0	1	—	—	—	0	1	—	—								
Pacific Alaska	N	0 0	1 0	1 N	1 N	N	0 0	0 0	N	N								
California		0	1	1	1		0	0	_									
Hawaii	Ν	0	0	Ν	Ν	Ν	0	0	Ν	Ν								
Oregon Washington	_	0 0	0 0	_	_	_	0 0	0 0	_	_								
American Samoa	Ν	0	0	Ν	Ν	Ν	0	0	Ν	Ν								
C.N.M.I. Guam	N	0	0	N	N	N	0	0	N	N								
Puerto Rico	N	0	0	N	N	N	0	0	N	N								
U.S. Virgin Islands	—	0	0		_	_	0	0	—									

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending June 5, 2010, and June 6, 2009 (22nd week)\*

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.

\* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional.

<sup>†</sup> Illnesses with similar clinical presentation that result from Spotted fever group rickettsia infections are reported as Spotted fever rickettsioses. Rocky Mountain spotted fever (RMSF) caused by *Rickettsia rickettsia*, is the most common and well-known spotted fever.

by *Rickettsia rickettsii*, is the most common and well-known spotted fever. <sup>§</sup> Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

## TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending June 5, 2010, and June 6, 2009 (22nd week)\*

				Streptococ	cus pneumo	<i>nia</i> e,† invasi	ve disease	2							
			All ages					Age <5			Sy	yphilis, prim	ary and se	condary	
	Current	Previous	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous !	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous 5	2 weeks	Cum	Cum
Reporting area	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009
United States	138	65	436	7,107	1,726	24	48	160	1,145	1,251	69	234	413	4,180	5,830
New England Connecticut	6 2	2 0	98 93	423 219	29	_	1 0	24 22	34 22	42	5 1	7 1	22 10	183 36	138 29
Maine <sup>§</sup>	1	1	6	62	7	_	0	2	6	1	_	0	3	14	1
Massachusetts New Hampshire	1	0 0	1 7	 59	2	_	0 0	3 2	3	32 6	3	5 0	12 1	111 6	94 10
Rhode Island <sup>§</sup>	_	0	7	40	11	_	0	1	2	1	1	0	5	14	4
Vermont <sup>§</sup>	2	0	6	43	9	_	0	1	1	2	_	0	2	2	_
Mid. Atlantic New Jersey	20	6 0	44 6	602 54	100	12	7 1	52 4	170 29	149 25	22 4	32 4	47 12	696 97	773 105
New York (Upstate)	6	2	12	98	39	5	3	19	72	72	—	2	11	40	49
New York City Pennsylvania	8 6	1 2	22 21	200 250	3 58	4 3	1 0	28 5	38 31	41 11	14 4	18 7	39 14	405 154	470 149
E.N. Central	7	14	75	250 959	398		7	18	166	209	_	25	44	276	616
Illinois	_	0	7	43	_	_	1	5	37	34	_	13	21	7	285
Indiana Michigan	2	5 1	20 26	241 352	160 18	_	1	6 6	27 42	41 43	_	3 4	9 13	49 91	69 103
Ohio	5	8	19	232	220	_	2	6	51	70	_	7	13	129	135
Wisconsin		0	20	91 502	102	1	0	2	9	21	—	0 5	2		24
W.N. Central lowa	18	5 0	182 0	502	103	1	3 0	12 0	93	90	_	5	12 2	94 3	132 11
Kansas		1	7	56	41	_	0	2	11	13	—	0	3	6	9
Minnesota Missouri	13 1	0 1	179 8	282 66	18 36	1	1	10 3	42 26	29 32	_	1 3	5 8	24 57	33 72
Nebraska§	4	0	7	71	_	_	0	2	9	5	_	0	1	4	4
North Dakota South Dakota	_	0	10 3	16 11	6 2	_	0 0	1 2	5	4 7	_	0	1 0	_	3
S. Atlantic	54	30	143	1,871	783	5	12	28	305	312	29	60	218	1,083	1,337
Delaware	_	0	3	19	11	—	0	2	_	_	_	0	3	3	14
District of Columbia Florida	38	0 16	4 89	17 900	13 469	2	0 3	1 18	6 114	3 117	5 1	2 19	8 32	56 370	77 473
Georgia	5	10	28	299	217	2	4	12	84	71	2	13	167	180	257
Maryland <sup>§</sup> North Carolina	6	0	25 0	257	4	1	1 0	6 0	31	49	3 17	6 9	12 31	110 188	113 222
South Carolina <sup>§</sup>	5	0	25	296	—	—	1	4	33	28	1	2	6	57	49
Virginia <sup>§</sup> West Virginia	_	0	4 21	29 54	 69	_	1 0	4 4	27 10	29 15	_	4 0	22 2	116 3	128 4
E.S. Central	9	6	50	672	175	_	2	8	62	73	7	20	39	349	488
Alabama <sup>§</sup>	_	0	0			_	0	0	_	_	_	6	17	103	193
Kentucky Mississippi	3	2 1	16 6	99 32	48 28	_	0 0	2 2	8 6	7 8	3	1 4	13 17	49 72	24 83
Tennessee <sup>§</sup>	6	3	44	541	99	-	2	7	48	58	4	7	15	125	188
W.S. Central Arkansas <sup>§</sup>	1 1	5 2	88 8	908 90	66 33	—	6 0	41 3	145 10	181 25	3	44 5	72 14	576 44	1,190 81
Louisiana	_	2	о 8	90 45	33	_	0	3	10	16		5	27	44 64	359
Oklahoma Texas <sup>§</sup>	_	0 0	5 81	31 742	—	—	1 3	5 34	31 88	28 112	_	1 27	6 46	27 441	43 707
Mountain	23	3	82	1,020	 70	6	5	54 12	00 148	172	_	27	40 18	146	222
Arizona	9	0	51	497	_	4	2	7	68	80	_	3	10	54	106
Colorado Idaho <sup>§</sup>	12	0 0	20 1	294 8	_	2	1 0	4 1	40 4	27 5		2 0	5 1	45 2	38 3
Montana <sup>§</sup>	_	0	1	9	_	_	0	0	_	—	_	0	1	—	_
Nevada <sup>§</sup> New Mexico <sup>§</sup>	2	1 0	4 8	41 83	27	_	0 0	1 4	4 13	6 21	_	1	10 4	34 7	41 20
Utah	_	1	9	80	36	_	1	4	13	38	_	0	2	4	13
Wyoming <sup>§</sup>	—	0	2	8	7	—	0	1	2	1	_	0	1		1
Pacific Alaska	_	0	14 9	150 65	2	_	0 0	7 5	22 16	17 10	3	39 0	61 0	777	934
California	_	0	12	85	_	_	0	2	6	—	3	35	56	687	831
Hawaii Oregon	_	0 0	1 0	_	2		0 0	1 0	_	7	_	0	3 5	14 6	17 22
Washington	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	_	3	5 7	70	22 64
American Samoa	—	0	0	—	_	—	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	_	—
C.N.M.I. Guam	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	_	0		_	_
Puerto Rico	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	4	3	17	78	89
U.S. Virgin Islands		0	0		_	_	0	0	_		_	0	0	_	

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. \* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional.

<sup>+</sup> Includes drug resistant and susceptible cases of invasive *Streptococcus pneumoniae* disease among children <5 years and among all ages. Case definition: Isolation of S. *pneumoniae* from a normally sterile body site (e.g., blood or cerebrospinal fluid). <sup>§</sup> Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

#### TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending June 5, 2010, and June 6, 2009 (22nd week)\*

		Marta				West Nile virus disease <sup>†</sup> Neuroinvasive         Nonneuroinvasive <sup>¶</sup>										
			lla (chickei	אסטי) און pox) און					5	Nonneuroinvasive <sup>¶</sup>						
Denti	Current	-	52 weeks	Cum	Cum	Current	Previous		Cum	Cum	Current			Cum	Cum	
Reporting area	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	week	Med	Max	2010	2009	
Jnited States	230	329	442	7,302	12,608	—	0	46	1	8	—	0	49	—	7	
New England Connecticut	6	17 6	36 20	299 119	519 258	_	0	0 0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
Maine <sup>§</sup>	_	4	15	96	85	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
Massachusetts	_	0	1	_	3	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
New Hampshire	6	3	10	62	106	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
Rhode Island <sup>§</sup> Vermont <sup>§</sup>		1	12 10	10	19	_	0	0	_	—	_	0	0	_		
				12	48	_	0		_	—	_	-		_		
Mid. Atlantic New Jersey	27	32 8	69 28	768 261	1,192 248	_	0	2 1	_	_	_	0	1 0	_	_	
New York (Upstate)	Ν	0 0	0	N	N	_	Ő	1	_	_	_	Ő	1	_	_	
New York City	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	1	_	—	_	0	0	_		
Pennsylvania	27	22	53	507	944	—	0	0	_	—	_	0	0	—	_	
E.N. Central	58	106	169	2,558	4,015	—	0	4	_	—	—	0	3	—	_	
Illinois Indiana <sup>§</sup>	_	26 5	49 35	646 237	975 298	_	0	3 1	_	_	_	0 0	0 1	_	_	
Michigan	13	35	62	840	1,165	_	0	1	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
Ohio	45	28	58	766	1,289	_	Ő	0	_	_	_	Ő	2	_	_	
Wisconsin	_	6	57	69	288	_	0	1	_	—	_	0	0	_	_	
W.N. Central	12	13	40	280	833	—	0	5	_	—	—	0	11	—	2	
lowa	N	0	0	N	N	—	0	0	_	—	_	0	1	—		
Kansas <sup>§</sup> Minnesota	2	4 0	18 0	93	367	_	0	1 1	_	_	_	0 0	2 1	_	1	
Missouri	4	6	16	149	395	_	0	2	_	_	_	0	1	_	_	
Nebraska <sup>§</sup>	N	0	0	N	Ν	_	0	2	_	_	_	0	6	_	_	
North Dakota	6	0	26	29	38	—	0	0	—	—	—	0	1	—	_	
South Dakota	_	0	7	9	33	_	0	3	_	_	_	0	2	_	1	
S. Atlantic Delaware <sup>§</sup>	43	36 0	94 3	1,134	1,561	_	0	4 0	_	_	_	0 0	2 0	—	_	
District of Columbia	_	0	3 4	11 7	5 21	_	0	1	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
Florida <sup>§</sup>	30	15	57	611	805	_	0	1	_	_	_	0	1	_	_	
Georgia	Ν	0	0	Ν	Ν	—	0	1	_	—	—	0	0	—	—	
Maryland <sup>§</sup>	N	0	0	N	N	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	1	_	_	
North Carolina South Carolina <sup>§</sup>	N	0	0 34	N 69	N 88	_	0	0 2	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
Virginia <sup>§</sup>	2	10	34 34	199	412	_	0	2	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
West Virginia	11	8	26	237	230	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
E.S. Central	1	6	28	148	336	_	0	6	1	2	_	0	4	_	_	
Alabama <sup>§</sup>	1	6	27	147	333	—	0	0	_	—	—	0	0	—	—	
Kentucky	N	0	0	N	N	_	0	1	_	1	_	0	0	_	_	
Mississippi Tennessee <sup>§</sup>	N	0	1 0	1 N	3 N	_	0	5 2	1	1	_	0	4 1	_	_	
W.S. Central	72	71	285	1,523	2,895		0	19	_	4	_	0	6		1	
Arkansas <sup>§</sup>	12	5	32	97	2,895	_	0	19	_	4	_	0	0	_		
Louisiana	_	2	8	25	65	_	0	2	_	_	_	0	4	_	_	
Oklahoma	N	0	0	N	N	—	0	2	—	_	—	0	2	—	_	
Texas <sup>§</sup>	72	61	272	1,401	2,532	_	0	16	_	2	_	0	4	_	1	
Mountain	11	25 0	48	575	1,188	_	0	12	_	_	_	0 0	17	_	4	
Arizona Colorado <sup>§</sup>	7	10	0 41	227	639	_	0	4 7	_	_	_	0	2 14	_	1	
Idaho <sup>§</sup>	Ň	0	0	N	N	_	0	3	_	_	_	0	5	_	_	
Montana§	2	3	17	108	104	_	0	1	_	_	_	0	1	_	_	
Nevada§	N	0	0	N	N	—	0	2	_	—	—	0	1	—	1	
New Mexico <sup>§</sup> Utah	2	1	7 22	49 179	82 363	_	0	2 1	_	_	_	0 0	1 0	_		
Wyoming <sup>§</sup>		0	3	179	505	_	0	1	_	_	_	0	2	_	1	
Pacific	_	1	5	17	69	_	0 0	12	_	2	_	0	12	_	_	
Alaska	_	0	4	17	40	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
California	—	0	0	_	—	—	0	8	_	2	—	0	6	_	_	
Hawaii		0	2		29	—	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	—	_	
Oregon Washington	N N	0 0	0	N N	N N	_	0	1 6	_	_	_	0 0	4 3	-	_	
	N	0	0	N	N	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
American Samoa C.N.M.I.						_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Guam	_	0	2	8	_	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	
Puerto Rico	—	6	30	103	280	—	0	0	_	—	—	0	0	—	_	
U.S. Virgin Islands	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. \* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. Data for HIV/AIDS, AIDS, and TB, when available, are displayed in Table IV, which appears quarterly.

\* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. Data for HIV/AIDS, AIDS, and TB, when available, are displayed in Table IV, which appears quarterly.
 † Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Vector-Borne Infectious Diseases, National Center for Zoonotic, Vector-Borne, and Enteric Diseases (ArboNET Surveillance). Data for California serogroup, eastern equine, Powassan, St. Louis, and western equine diseases are available in Table I.
 <sup>5</sup> Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).
 ¶ Not reportable in all states. Data from states where the condition is not reportable are excluded from this table, except starting in 2007 for the domestic arboviral diseases and influenza-

associated pediatric mortality, and in 2003 for SARS-CoV. Reporting exceptions are available at http://www.cdc.gov/ncphi/disss/nndss/phs/infdis.htm.

## TABLE III. Deaths in 122 U.S. cities,\* week ending June 5, 2010 (22nd week)

		All ca	uses, by a	ge (years)	)				All causes, by age (years)						
Reporting area	All Ages	≥65	45-64	25–44	1–24	<1	P&I <sup>†</sup> Total	Reporting area	All Ages	≥65	45-64	25–44	1–24	<1	P&I <sup>†</sup> Total
New England	473	320	100	32	14	7	50	S. Atlantic	1,058	662	261	74	32	28	79
Boston, MA	130	77	33	10	6	4	18	Atlanta, GA	85	52	23	7	3	—	10
Bridgeport, CT	28	19	4	4	1	—	3	Baltimore, MD	112	67	30	9	2	4	13
Cambridge, MA	8	7	1		_	_	1	Charlotte, NC	81	53	19	5	1	3	2
Fall River, MA	14	13		1		_	_	Jacksonville, FL	141	98	23	9	6	5	16
Hartford, CT Lowell, MA	50 22	33 19	10 2	6 1	1	_	3 3	Miami, FL Norfolk, VA	132 51	79 33	38 7	10 5	4 2	4	4
Lynn, MA	9	5	2	1	1	_		Richmond, VA	51	26	21	3		4	4
New Bedford, MA	21	16	5	_	_	_	1	Savannah, GA	52	35	13	3	1	_	2
New Haven, CT	27	16	7	3	_	1	1	St. Petersburg, FL	44	31	8	1	3	1	4
Providence, RI	58	41	12	2	2	1	6	Tampa, FL	111	82	18	7	2	2	7
Somerville, MA	6	4	_	1	1	_	_	Washington, D.C.	181	94	57	14	8	8	15
Springfield, MA	32	18	10	1	2	1	5	Wilmington, DE	17	12	4	1	_	_	5
Waterbury, CT	17	14	2	1	—	—	1	E.S. Central	653	413	166	47	20	7	64
Worcester, MA	51	38	12	1	—	—	8	Birmingham, AL	145	93	31	17	3	1	12
Mid. Atlantic	2,056	1,407	448	119	56	26	104	Chattanooga, TN	72	58	8	4	2	—	4
Albany, NY	48	31	11	2	1	3	1	Knoxville, TN	105	62	31	6	4	2	13
Allentown, PA	16	14	1	1	_	_	2	Lexington, KY	31	15	11	2	3		2
Buffalo, NY	78	45	20	6	4	3	5	Memphis, TN	127	70	46	8	2	1	19
Camden, NJ	19	10	7	2	_	—	_	Mobile, AL	29	17	9	2	1	—	
Elizabeth, NJ	15	9	4	2	_	_	1	Montgomery, AL	21	12	6	3	_	_	2
Erie, PA	47	33	7 11	1	2	4	2	Nashville, TN	123	86 722	24	5	5	3 30	12
Jersey City, NJ	27	13		3	14	9	1	W.S. Central	1,094	723	251	76	14 1		54 3
New York City, NY Newark, NJ	863 41	608 23	190 5	42 11	14 2		39 3	Austin, TX Baton Rouge, LA	68 75	51 49	9 13	3 10	3	4	3 2
Paterson, NJ	41 17	23 11	5	1	2	_	3 1	Corpus Christi, TX	75 69	49 49	13	10	3	3	2
Philadelphia, PA	522	310	5 144	37	25	6	21	Dallas, TX	189	123	52	9	_	5	9
Pittsburgh, PA <sup>§</sup>	22	17	5	57	25	0	3	El Paso, TX	68	46	52 14	5	1	2	2
Reading, PA	22	19	5	_	4	_	2	Fort Worth, TX	08 U	40 U	U	U	U	Ŭ	Ű
Rochester, NY	132	112	14	4	2	_	10	Houston, TX	135	88	34	7	_	6	7
Schenectady, NY	17	15	1	_	1	_	1	Little Rock, AR	60	43	11	5	1	_	_
Scranton, PA	27	22	3	1	_	1	1	New Orleans, LA	U	U	Ŭ	Ű	Ů	U	U
Syracuse, NY	85	73	8	3	1	_	9	San Antonio, TX	259	162	63	24	5	5	15
Trenton, NJ	18	13	3	2	_	_	_	Shreveport, LA	61	45	11	2	_	3	4
Utica, NY	17	15	2	_	_	_	1	Tulsa, OK	110	67	28	10	3	2	5
Yonkers, NY	17	14	2	1	_	_	1	Mountain	982	681	207	54	22	18	66
E.N. Central	1,633	1,092	385	89	38	29	95	Albuquerque, NM	101	63	30	5	3	_	9
Akron, OH	57	30	16	3	3	5	3	Boise, ID	62	51	8	1	_	2	7
Canton, OH	33	19	12	1	1	—	1	Colorado Springs, CO	75	46	19	4	3	3	1
Chicago, IL	276	174	68	22	10	2	11	Denver, CO	75	54	16	3	_	2	2
Cincinnati, OH	54	36	10	3	2	3	7	Las Vegas, NV	225	167	44	7	6	1	17
Cleveland, OH	195	148	42	4		1	8	Ogden, UT	32	24	3	4	1		1
Columbus, OH	175	118	35	11	6	5	18	Phoenix, AZ	152	91	36	13	3	9	7
Dayton, OH	107	71	25	7	3	1	6	Pueblo, CO	23	18	5	_	_	_	2
Detroit, MI	57	31	20	6	_	_	1	Salt Lake City, UT	115	79	19	11	5	1	11
Evansville, IN	29	22	5 7	1	—	2	1	Tucson, AZ	122	88	27	6	1	17	9
Fort Wayne, IN Gary, IN	54 10	45 5	4	1 1	_	1	3	Pacific Berkeley, CA	1,433 9	989 7	294 2	91	42	17	117
Grand Rapids, MI	42	29	10	2	_	1	3	Fresno, CA	115	77	2 24	8	5	1	15
Indianapolis, IN	180	105	49	14		5	5 8	Glendale, CA	32	22	24 7	о З		'	4
Lansing, MI	33	27	49 5	14	/	2	° 2	Honolulu, HI	52 47	35	7	2	1	2	4
Milwaukee, WI	76	42	28	3	3	_	6	Long Beach, CA	51	31	12	4	3	1	7
Peoria, IL	39	31	4	3		1	3	Los Angeles, CA	205	134	38	20	9	4	26
Rockford, IL	41	29	9	1	2	_	1	Pasadena, CA	18	154	2			4	20
South Bend, IN	35	23	10	2		_	4	Portland, OR	81	63	14	1	2	1	7
Toledo, OH	72	53	13	4	1	1	1	Sacramento, CA	179	130	34	10	4	1	13
Youngstown, OH	68	54	13	_	_	1	8	San Diego, CA	127	79	35	6	6	1	8
W.N. Central	664	435	154	40	15	20	43	San Francisco, CA	102	65	25	9	1	2	8
Des Moines, IA	89	71	15	3		_	1	San Jose, CA	170	122	32	11	5	_	11
Duluth, MN	32	23	7	1	1	_	2	Santa Cruz, CA	23	18	3	1	1	_	2
Kansas City, KS	24	13	5	3	2	1	1	Seattle, WA	108	70	24	8	3	3	4
Kansas City, MO	62	41	10	6	2	3	6	Spokane, WA	63	49	10	2	1	1	3
Lincoln, NE	29	24	2	1	_	2	1	Tacoma, WA	103	71	25	6	1	_	3
Minneapolis, MN	43	28	13	1	_	1	2	Total <sup>¶</sup>	10,046	6,722	2,266	622	253	182	672
Omaha, NE	69	54	14	_	1	_	8						-		
St. Louis, MO	214	112	63	21	8	10	17								
St. Paul, MN	51	34	12	4	_	1	4	1							
Wichita, KS	51	35	13	_	1	2	1								

U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. \* Mortality data in this table are voluntarily reported from 122 cities in the United States, most of which have populations of >100,000. A death is reported by the place of its occurrence and by the week that the death certificate was filed. Fetal deaths are not included.

<sup>†</sup> Pneumonia and influenza.

<sup>§</sup> Because of changes in reporting methods in this Pennsylvania city, these numbers are partial counts for the current week. Complete counts will be available in 4 to 6 weeks.

<sup>¶</sup> Total includes unknown ages.

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☆ U.S. Government Printing Office: 2010-623-026/41254 Region IV ISSN: 0149-2195